

THE BRECKENRIDGE NEWS.

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ALL THE NEWS THAT'S FIT TO PRINT.

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8 Pages

No. 4.

LEAVING FOR CAMP TAYLOR

Another Contingent of Breckenridge County Boys Called Into Military Service From July 22-27.

Following are names of the Breckenridge county boys who have received their final call for military service. Part of the drafted men left Monday and the others will be called on succeeding dates until July 27.

Robert Ivan Spencer
William Rowland Barr
Bennie Franckway Tucker
Hugh Albright
Clarence Quiggins
Hubert Chester Smith
Ernest Logsdon
Samuel Sands
Elza J. Stone
Joseph Ernest Payne
Arthur Lesieur Miller
Lennie Lampton
Raymond W. Lyon
Roma Basham
Roy Harley Bassett
Gordon Benjamine
Earl Board
Claude Shumate
James Murray Beavin
Spafford Payne
Claude E. Cundiff
Wannie Horsley
Carl Francis Jarboe
William H. Carman
John Lewis Hickerson
Lawford Tucker
Aley W. Blair
Thomas Critchloe
Roscoe E. Deacon
John H. Matthews
Hilary Victor Beavin
Joe David Moorman
Willis Haynes
James Robert Willis
Luke Combs
Eli Lucas
Preston Earl Burton
James Jay Severs
Lonzo Carlton Keys
Spurgeon A. Argabright
Lawrence Smith
Wilbur Henry Ballman
I. V. Jackson
Noah Finley
Vernie Gabriel Beavin
Henry E. Wheatley
Henry E. Haycraft
Johnnie Sebastian
Lester A. Comer
Wavie Thomas Clark
Irvin Horsley
John Garrett
Edward Morrison
William Cicerio Wilson
E. Dillon Payne
Lafa Basham
Simon M. Rowland
Charles Lucas
Clay Conkright
Frank Rebarber
Hubert Ellis Dowell
James E. Carman
Jones Fletcher Butler
Earl Harned

Entertains for Miss Pate

The Y. W. A. held its regular monthly meeting Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. Frank Ferry and at the conclusion of the program the members gave a social in honor of Miss Claudia Pate, who leaves Thursday for Washington, D. C.

THE FRAIZE WILL CASE

The Fraize will case is being tried out in the Breckenridge Circuit Court this week. Judge Slack, of Owensboro, is sitting in the case.

There are a number of witnesses in the case and it will probably continue through the week. The style of the case is Fred W. Fraize and others vs. Mrs. Cornelia Warfield Fraize, executrix of the will of her husband, the late Frank Fraize.

The attorneys for the contestants are Ernest Woodward, of Louisville, D. C. Walls and John P. Haswell, Jr. of Hardinsburg, and Hobson James, of Elizabethtown.

Attorneys for the propounders are Claude Meeker, of Hardinsburg, and J. of Louisville.

is made up of the following: Marshall, Lon Rhodes, Kers, Sam Carden, J. T. Burn DeJarnette, Tom W. Rowland, Wm. Norton, Clint Norton and Mar-

DEATH DUE TO BRIGHT'S DISEASE

Richard T. Mattingly, One of Cloverport's Oldest Residents Died Tuesday Morning. Ten Children Survive.

Mr. Richard Thomas Mattingly, one of the oldest residents of this city died at his home in the East End at five o'clock Tuesday morning. His death was caused from Bright's disease, from which he had been a constant sufferer for the past year. Last Wednesday morning he had a chill and from that he gradually grew worse until the end.

The funeral service was held from the St. Rose church, Wednesday morning, followed by the interment in the Catholic cemetery. Rev. J. S. Henry said the last rites.

Mr. Mattingly was the son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Benedict Mattingly and was born and reared near Cloverport. He was 77 years old in April. Mr. Mattingly was twice married, his first wife having died a number of years ago and the last Mrs. Mattingly died in the spring of 1918.

He is survived by ten children, all of whom are living in this place except two, Mrs. Dave Mattingly, of Tell City, and Willie Mattingly in Camp Zachary Taylor. The others are: Mrs. Ed. Gregory, Mrs. Eugene Smith, Misses Ivy, Katie and Lizzie Mattingly; Messrs. Hilary, Leo and Alton Mattingly. Two brothers, J. C. Mattingly, of this city and Charlie Mattingly, of Hardinsburg. One sister, Mrs. Rose Whitehouse of Balltown.

Lived To Be 84 Years Old

Big Spring, Ky., July 22.—(Special)—Mr. R. S. Dowell passed away at his late residence July 14, after an illness of five weeks. He leaves his widow and five children, Malcolm and Clyde Dowell, Mrs. John Cook, of Irvington, Mrs. Carroll Claycomb, of High Plains and Mrs. Lewis Jenkins, near Louisville.

The funeral services were conducted by the pastor of the deceased, Rev. E. P. Deacon, and the remains were laid to rest in the Methodist cemetery.

Mr. Dowell was 84 years of age and had lived in this community all of his life. He will be greatly missed by all.

MADE \$176 FOR RED
CROSS SINCE APRIL.

Union Star, Ky., July 22.—(Special)—The ice cream supper given by the Union Star branch of the American Red Cross Society on July 13, was quite successful in every way, having realized \$66.

This is the second supper given at this place for the Red Cross. The first one was in June and \$56 was cleared. Both amounts are in the treasury and will be used at the call of the chapter.

Last May \$46 was contributed to the War Fund Drive, this sum being the amount realized from a play given in April.

Altogether \$178 has been raised since this chapter was organized in April, outside of contributions and money raised by work done by different members of the chapter.

LANDED IN SAN FRANCISCO

Bernard Carter, of Co. 2, 2nd Inf. U. S. R., who has been in Honolulu, H. T., for the last two years, has landed in San Francisco, with his company, enroute to parts unknown.

Mr. Carter is trying to secure a leave of absence to come to Cloverport and visit his mother, Mrs. Fladge Carter, and sister, Miss Margaret Carter, before he encompas again.

Camping at Tar Springs

Mrs. E. A. Blaine and two sons, Billy and Arthur Blaine, of Lakeland, Fla., Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Jackson and children, Carrie Mae, Forrest and Edward Jackson, Miss Carrie Tucker, Messrs. Beavin Tucker and Forrest Freeman, are spending this week at the Tar Springs. They will do light house-keeping in the springs hotel.

Kingswood Camp Meeting

Beginning July 24 and continuing until August 4, the Rev. A. C. Zepp, of Indiana, an evangelist, will hold a camp meeting at Kingswood, Ky.

(Political Advertisement)

PRIMARY, SATURDAY, AUGUST 3, VOTE FOR JUDGE HENSON

The Primary, coming Saturday August 3, is near, and while everyone is interested in the issues brought about by the war, still all should take part in this election. We have a neighbor, Judge J. W. Henson, of Henderson County, who is a candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals.

His opponent, Judge Settle, practically admits he is not eligible to re-election on account of having removed from the district. Judge Settle tries to excuse himself in not observing the law to retain his residence because he says some others have violated it. That seems to be quite a lame excuse for a judge to make. A judge ought to observe the law if he expects others to do so. If nominated, he may loose in a contest to a Republican. Besides this, Judge Settle has been in office for the past twenty-six years and has drawn in salary about \$110,000.00. That ought to satisfy any man.

Let everybody come out and vote for our neighbor, Judge Henson, who is one of the best judges in the state. He ought to carry this county by an overwhelming majority.

STRENUOUS EFFORT TO INCREASE WHEAT SUPPLY

Co-operative Extension Work of The K. S. U. Has Started A Campaign. Jas. Harth Appointed Chairman in Breckenridge.

A noted English statesman said recently that if the people of America had failed to save this year that England and France would have been compelled to withdraw from the fight and as a result the Allies would have lost the war. This demonstrates the importance of wheat and teaches us that WHEAT WILL WIN THE WAR.

The government of the United States realizes that the two most important factors in winning the war are men and food and so is drafting the best manhood of the country for the service in the trenches and is calling upon the farmers to produce the maximum amount of food. There is no better way for farmers to answer this call for food than by sowing this fall every acre to wheat that is possible and to sow it with such care that it will yield a bountiful harvest.

The patriotic farmer will give no thought to the price he will receive for his wheat but will think only of the starving poor of Europe and our boys in the trenches who are fighting our battles and who must be fed.

Our boys are drafted into the army by the Government and the wages they shall receive, which may be the wages of death, are fixed by the Government and the boys do not spend any time figuring whether they can afford to fight our battles for these wages. They know their country has called them and they answer the call without complaint or reservation. Your country is asking you to raise as much wheat as possible and you will not spend any time figuring whether you can afford to grow wheat at the price fixed by the Government. You should realize only that your country has called you and you will do your best for WHEAT WILL WIN THE WAR.

No thought should be given to the possibility of being unable to harvest the wheat next year for the Government will permit no wheat to go to waste but will find some means of providing laborers for the harvest.

England has sent more than six million men to fight her battles and in spite of this will harvest this Fall the largest wheat crop in her history. What England has done—America will do.

Every patriotic American citizen salutes his flag when he rises in the morning and says "I will this day do my best to help win the war."

From now until wheat sowing time,

the patriotic American farmer will salute his flag when he rises in the morning and will say and say it firmly "I will this Fall sow all the wheat I can for WHEAT WILL WIN THE WAR."

The Co-operative Extension work of the Kentucky State University has started a campaign to increase the acreage of wheat in Kentucky this Fall and Mr. Jas. Harth, the County Agent, will have charge of the campaign in this county.

Fell and Sprained Her Hip

Mrs. Price Graham is suffering intensely from a sprained hip and a dislocated thumb which she got from a fall late Friday afternoon. Mrs. Graham was out in the yard feeding her chickens when a hen flew upon her and as she stepped backward she fell on her left side, causing painful injuries but not serious ones.

With Home Boys In Service

From Camp Custer, Mich.

Dear Mother and all—I am sending you some pictures so you can see how your soldier boy looks. Casper is still in quarantine, but he is getting as fat as a pig. I am sleeping on the springs of my cot tonight, with my clothes on, but I am anxious to get started. Casper is getting along fine and not worrying either. We may be separated on train but will be together when our division gets together, wherever we are going. If we go to France, my buddy can talk French, but if to Italy, we won't know what the dagoes are saying. Don't worry about us, for it won't take the 85th—Custer Division—long to give them hell.

Norman Gregory.

Mrs. Nannie Jarboe, of McQuady, has received the following note from her son, J. P. Jarboe, who is on active service with the British Expeditionary Force via N. Y. "My Own Dear Mother:—I will write you a few lines to let you know I am O. K., and getting along fine. Hope you are all well. My address is Co. E, 120 Inf., American Expeditionary Force via N. Y. Well, I will close for this time, so answer soon with a long letter and tell Lillian to write.

From your son,

J. P. Jarboe.

Has Many Friends in This County

Ben H. Pate, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Pate, of Boody, Ill., and who formerly lived in this county, is a soldier boy who appreciates being remembered by the folks back home.

Priv. Pate has written this letter to his parents who so kindly forwarded it to The Breckenridge News.

Dear Father and Mother:—

Will write you a few lines to let

JUDGE SETTLE ADMITS HE HAS DISREGARDED A LAW IN FORCE FOR MORE THAN FORTY YEARS

Judge Henson Makes A Red Hot Reply Showing That His Opponent Is Not Eligible.

In a recent issue of this and other papers, my opponent, Judge Settle, published a signed statement in which he tries to get away from the effect of an opinion given out by a number of prominent lawyers in the district that under the law he is not a resident of the district, by stating that I inspired the lawyers to make the charge. The truth is a number of lawyers and laymen in the district have been discussing his ineligibility for many weeks, and this is notably true of citizens of Warren county, in which he claims to reside. Judge Settle's signed statement was in answer to an article which recently appeared as a news item in the Hartford Herald, giving an interview with several prominent attorneys who took the position that Judge Settle was not a resident in the district and was not eligible to re-election as judge of the court of appeals. In an effort to show that he resides in the district, Judge Settle, in his statement, says that he has voted in Warren county, and by reason of this he claims that he is a resident of that county. He may have voted there, but if he has, that does not establish his legal residence. It is known by everyone that many vote where they have no legal right to do so. A person's residence is not established by his vote, but on the contrary, he obtains a right to vote after he has had a fixed residence for a certain length of time. The facts are that Judge Settle and family sold their home in Warren county some fifteen years ago and moved out of this appellate district to Frankfort and there they bought a home and have resided there every moment since. The constitution and laws of the state require the judge to reside in the district, but give him the right to remove with his family temporarily to Frankfort, provided he files and causes to be recorded in the county clerk's office of both counties a written statement showing that his removal to Frankfort was only temporary and that he retained his residence in the county he moved from. Judge Settle in his statement admits that this has been the law for more than forty years, and he also admits that he has never complied with the law. He attempts to justify his action by saying that this law "has been largely disregarded by officials of the state," because he says "this statute is merely directory and not mandatory." In my judgement this law is mandatory for it provides that he SHALL file and have recorded a written statement showing that his removal was

only temporary, and this being so, Judge Settle is not eligible to re-election, and in this opinion I am supported by a great number of the best lawyers in this district. This law may have been "largely disregarded," as he says, and it certainly has been by him, but that is no answer. The law against bootlegging and many other crimes has unfortunately "been largely disregarded," the law requiring deeds to be recorded in the clerk's office so as to protect the owners' title; the law requiring the filing of a certificate with the clerk within a certain time to enable one to get his name on the ballot and many other laws have been and are overlooked or disregarded, and many persons have been punished or sustained a loss by not observing them. Although a law may be disregarded by some, it is nevertheless a law, and is as solemnly binding on a judge as the humblest citizen. Even though this law which provides how he must retain his residence in the district was only directory, as he contends, still he admits that he refused to obey it. Why should a judge, especially of the highest court, refuse to observe any statute even though it may be only directory? By recent decisions of the court of which he is a member many persons have been denied a place on the ballot or have lost their office by not complying with laws much less mandatory in terms than this one. I am astonished at the position taken by him. Judge Settle has been on the bench for about twenty-six years, and has been paid in monthly salary about \$110,000, so I suppose he begins to feel that some of the laws as to him are "mere scraps of paper," and are only meant for the other fellow. He calls on his friends not to be disturbed, but I am sure the people and the Democrats of this district will not be thus pacified, and nominate Judge Settle, who will almost certainly lose in a contest with a Republican after the November election, even though he should receive the majority of votes at said election. One of the Republican candidates for this office has already stated that Judge Settle was not eligible to the office.

I shall not at this time notice the insinuations made by him for they do not affect the issues involved. Independent of these questions, I feel that I will certainly win by a splendid majority, and especially so if my neighbors in this section will do what I have every reason to believe they will in supporting me. I am respectfully yours, J. W. HENSON. Adv.

RED CROSS CONCERT

Thursday Evening, July 25, at
The American Theater.—
Program to Consist of City's
Best Musicians.

up the wast scrap iron and steel of cert to be given under the direction of Mrs. J. Proctor Keith and Miss Margaret Burn, has been fixed for Thursday evening, July 25, at the American Theater, 7:45 o'clock.

As previously announced the program for the concert will be composed of musical numbers by all of Cloverport's best musicians, and attractive patriotic drills by the younger girls. Miss Eloise Nolte, who has been studying violin at the Louisville Conservatory of Music for the last year and a half, will accompany the singers on the violin.

After the expenses have been paid the proceeds of the concert will be donated to the Cloverport Red Cross chapter.

Song Service at Colored Church

The members of the choir in the colored Methodist church gave a song service Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The program, which was well rendered, included sacred songs and several of the original plantation songs. The music was under direction of the pastor, Rev. Kellogg.

(Continued on page 4)

FARMERS BANK INCREASES CAPITAL STOCK

At a meeting of the directors of the Farmers Bank, Hardinsburg, held on July 23, 1918, they voted to increase the capital stock from \$25,000 to \$35,000 and add a Trust Department.

Board of Directors:—Luke B. Reeves, W. S. Ball, A. R. Kincheloe, A. N. Skillman, A. C. Glasscock, J. L. Mattingly and Huse Alexander.

SOLDIERS OF DEATH REFUSE TO LET THE ENEMY TAKE THEIR DEAD

Each Slav With the Italian Army Has Sworn to Carry Off to the Italian Lines the Body of a Comrade Killed in Action—As Subjects of Austrian Emperor Death Is Only Thing in Store for Those Captured.

(Special Correspondence of Italian American News Bureau.)

The Slav soldiers in the Italian army elect their own superiors by the most rigid tests, and thus are representative of the manhood of their nationalities. The Italian soldiery and people have taken kindly to them.

The first of the proofs of valor they gave are admirable, although limited to modest operations in exploring and raiding. Whether by themselves or with Italian troops these Czech-Slovaks, arriving from beyond the ocean, have kept up the fire of patriotism and the ardor to fight, and have fought well.

Austria has under arms about 5,000,000 men, of whom there must be 2,000,000 on the firing line. Among them the oppressed races, Bohemians, Poles, Slovaks form the majority. The agitation among these men aiming at liberty, independence or at least to withdraw from German or Magyar domination has attained threatening forms, and only extreme concessions of equal rights will condone the savage iniquities of the empire.

The Czech-Slovak officers at the front, who bring a heroism to manifestations of their country an outsider does not perceive, say that even more violent agitation will not attain the desired revolution or an overthrow of the empire, because there is not the fundamental setting for a successful revolt.

People Are Held Down.

In the country and in the villages the gendarmes assist and the musketeers agents of the schultz corps have absolute power over the few inhabitants exempted from war service. In the big cities the rifles and machine guns entrusted to the soldiers of opposing races can be turned on revolutionists easily, as happened recently in Prague, where troubles were put down pitilessly by the most ferocious enemies of the Czech, the Hungarians.

However, the same steadfast purpose can be far more troublesome when found in the enemy camp where Czechs and Slovaks are present on the Italian front.

The Austrian commanders are doubtless masters of the political composition of their own effectives. The numerous "Politisch unversierlich," political undesirables, are registered on the army records, identification cards are scattered among the loyal troops and always subject to vigilant surveillance.

For a long time no delicate task has been entrusted to them, but the pact of Rome automatically suppressed the reasons for existing disputes with the Slav races in the empire. It has also brought really a large number of "political suspects" over to the Italian camp.

The Austrian military authorities, after the pact of Rome, meditated new restrictions and regulations to keep their troops from the contagion of contact with Czech-Slovaks in the Italian first lines. They rigorously suppressed every sign of unrest; they drew off from their battle lines all recruits of Bohemian, Slovak or Czech nationality, but they soon stopped shifting about and resorted to severe punishments and shooting.

However, all this could not bring anything but endless anxiety to the Austrian commanders. All went to undermine the morale of the army, and alienated more and more soldiers from the unredempted parts of Italy (Italia Irredenta), especially when they have a brother or a friend fighting under the Italian flag.

Swear Never to Be Taken.

The repatriates of the Czech-Slovak army have been saluted already with brotherly love by the population in the zone of war, especially by the ancient inhabitants of the Veneto, who have the most recent and liveliest recollection of oppression and the convulsive struggle for redemption.

The women of Verona offered them a battle flag in the Bohemian colors, surmounted by a lion. The soldiers recognized the sanctity of the gift and swore an oath that they would die for that emblem of liberty. The expression was not rhetorical and the oath superfluous.

The fate that awaits these new warriors for the ideals of a far-off and oppressed country is shown by the inflexible military rules of the Austrian empire. They are all subjects of the Emperor Carl, and as such death is the only thing in store for them if captured.

Their word is for that reason sacred. Neither alive nor dead must they fall into the hands of the enemy. Even the dead must be snatched from the oppressor. Each one has sworn to carry off to the Italian lines the body of a comrade killed in action.

In the last days, during a reconnaissance, a Bohemian fell close to the enemy lines. Braving a hot fire, the explorers hurried to carry him off, fearing that in a night sortie the Austrians might get the body.

These "soldiers of death" know that if an operation fails of success they must kill themselves. To the ignominious death inflicted by the enemy they prefer suicide. Whether through

death by the enemy or through their own hands, they have consecrated their lives to the distant fatherland, from which they have come to fight in the greatest cradle of all liberty and all ideals—Italy.

Eliminate Weak and Unfit.

Rome, the ancient lighthouse of civility and of liberty, has substituted these new companions in arms for those of Russia. These warriors for the freedom of their country have found in the ranks of our own combatants fraternity and sturdy faith. This fraternity, more than common ideals for the redemption of their respective countries, is cemented by the knowledge and vision of the real difficulties and the resolution and firmness of purpose of the new combatants. From their own ranks on a spontaneous vote they have eliminated all about whose military vigor or enthusiasm there could be any doubt, so that the recruits represent the flower of the soldiery of the oppressed nationalities. Drawn from the same country, speaking the same tongue, in the daily intimacy of their new military life, they have subjected each other to voluntary but inflexible tests. The results are confided only to their officers.

"Thus does not please me. He would not make a good corporal. We do not want him," they say. Thus, out of the ancient military system of Austria spring elements of criticism which exclude the weak and unfit. The officers must heed these verdicts, which, like all collective judgments, arise from a full consensus of the judges.

The examination of the political opinion is not less exacting for being carried out by fellow soldiers. A Czech recruit who spoke his mother tongue well was challenged by his compatriots. "He speaks our language well, but his heart is not Czech," they said. It was learned that during protracted business transactions in Vienna he had lost the fierceness and intrepidity of the Bohemian character through daily contact with the Austrian authorities.

Elect Own Officers.

This control has been fraught with excellent results. Those who have survived the tests of the assembled judges have furnished the best war material and proved themselves dependable in military and moral affairs.

The officers are also elected by the soldiers, who trust their leaders with blind faith, and give them the most rigid obedience and discipline. Such discipline the new soldiers of liberty are taught by their remembrance of imperial oppression to hold essential to the triumph of their cause.

HORSE IS APT LINGUIST

Quick to Respond to Either French or American Command.

The American horse is an apt linguist.

Sold overseas to the French from America during the first three years of the war, he had to learn French to understand his new masters. Then sold back to Americans for service with his own army after the United States entered the war, he had to learn English, or rather American, all over again.

Hundreds of these American horses were bought from the French when the first forces from the United States landed. The drivers were constantly in trouble, and at first couldn't understand the reason.

"I had a team out during a review," said one driver, "and couldn't make 'em budge. I yelled, 'git-up' and everything else at 'em, and they just sort of looked around' like they thought I was foolish. Then I remembered that I heard a frog yell 'alley' at his horses. I yelled 'alley' and away we went."

The horses now are a good deal like the soldier. They'll respond to either French or English commands.

CONSCIENCE HURTS; ENLISTS

Youth Under Age Fears War May End Before He Is Twenty-One.

Harvey Greer, nineteen, a native of Tennessee, is the kind of conscientious objector that the country is proud of. "I want to enlist," he told Sergeant H. B. Mergenthal of the United States marine corps recruiting station at Stockton, Cal.

"You're mighty young," replied Mergenthal. "Why do you want to enlist?" "Because my conscience hurts me," replied young Greer. "I'm afraid the war may be over before I am twenty-one. Then the boys will come home and ask me why I hadn't been in it, and I object conscientiously to having no excuse to offer."

Greer's name was soon affixed to the dotted line.

PROVES HER PATRIOTISM

Soldier's Wife Cares for Children and Runs Farm.

Mrs. Wilbur Hooper of Bellaire, Kan., wife of a soldier, has two small children to look after and a small farm. Despite the care of the children she has planted 25 acres of corn, crows for 25 head of cattle and milks eight cows. She has bought a \$50 Liberty bond and given \$40 to the Red Cross.

BASEBALL IS NON-ESSENTIAL

SUCH WAS THE DECISION OF NEWTON D. BAKER, SECRETARY OF WAR.

This May Mean the Closing Down of All Leagues—Death Blow to National Game in Work or Fight Ruling Will Doubtless Result.

Washington.—Baseball is a non-productive and non-essential industry. Ball players are hit by the "work or fight" order; they must shift into essential industries or lose such deferred classifications in the draft as they have received through dependencies and other reasons. Such was the decision of Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, in the appeal of Edward Ainsmith, catcher of the Washington team of the American League. The decision is regarded in baseball circles as tantamount to the disbandment of organized baseball for the duration of the war. While many ball players are beyond the draft age, it is said there are not enough to furnish the brand of baseball that the major league patrons demand, and baseball next year probably will be furnished largely by semi-professional leagues.

However, the rush of baseball players to leagues similar to the Steel in the Middle West, and the Shipbuilding Leagues on both the East and West coasts may give those leagues teams of strength almost equal to the Class AA leagues, or the American Association and the Pacific Coast League and afford such territory fair ball playing. The Ainsmith case went up to the Secretary on appeal from the local board in Division 9 of the District of Columbia. He had been placed in Class 4, previous to the "work or fight" order. The local board ordered him to appear to show cause why he should not be reclassified and placed in Class 1, because of the nature of his occupation. His deferred classification had been granted because of the dependency of his wife and child.

TURKISH BARBER BEATEN UP

Prisoners Maul Turk Who Uses Language Against President Wilson and United States.

Toledo, O.—Ten prisoners in the central station mauled Mohammed Takir into insensibility. Detectives arrested Takir upon complaint that he had remarked in a restaurant that he was a graduate barber and would like to use the razor on President Wilson. Detectives who went with Takir to his room say that in their presence he blew kisses at a Turkish flag on the wall, and said he wanted to join his seven brothers in the Turkish army. It was after the prisoners heard this story that they beat him. He was revived by police and turned over to the Federal authorities.

Allied Blow Due in Fall.

Washington.—War Department officials expect the real counter-offensive against the Germans to be launched later in the present year. This was disclosed to members of the House Military Committee by General March, Chief of Staff, who indicated that the employment of possibly eight American divisions in the present double battle on the Aisne-Marne-Rhems front would not affect materially plans to hurl overwhelming man power into the great struggle to come.

No Limit!

Washington.—Representative John W. Langley, of Kentucky, is planning to sail from an Atlantic port next Tuesday to visit the battle fronts in France and Italy. When Postmaster General Burleson invited him to take the trip on a Government transport with a party of members of Congress, Langley inquired: "How close can we get to the front?" "As close as your nerve will let you," was Burleson's reply.

Lest We Forget!

Columbus, O.—A new job has been given the school children who are selling war savings stamps. They are to see that the pledges which were given in June are carried out faithfully. State War Savings Headquarters has agreed that the school Samites can render the war-savings movement in Ohio a valuable service by constantly reminding individuals to buy stamps to the amount of their pledges.

All on Board May Be Saved.

Washington.—The Navy Department received information that two steamships which are proceeding to an unnamed port, have aboard 1,156 officers and men of the United States cruiser San Diego. These are in addition to the one officer and 39 men previously reported landed. The men are said to be in good condition, and so far as known none was injured. This, it is believed, accounts for all on board the cruiser.

British Sloop Is Sunk.

London.—A British sloop was sunk by a submarine, says an Admiralty announcement. Twelve of the crew were the only survivors.

Starts For United States.

A Cuban Port.—Brigadier General Jose Marti, Cuban Secretary of War, has departed for the United States.

PIGEONS IN WAR



This American marine is carrying pigeons to the trenches to take messages back to headquarters when all other forms of communication are interrupted.

UNCLE SAM SHARES GRIEFS OF MOTHERS

Letter to Woman Telling of Death of Son Is Epitome of Tenderness.

The manner in which Uncle Sam condole and extends sympathy to the parents of the heroes who have met death on the field of battle in France is portrayed fittingly in a letter Mrs. John B. Kelly of New York received from Maj. Charles C. Pierce, chief of the graves registration service, American expeditionary forces, telling her of the location of the grave of her son, Private Edward J. Kelly of E company, 165th Infantry, who was killed in action on March 7.

"Were it not for the comfort that sorrowing people derive from such letters," wrote Major Pierce, "I would shrink from writing you at this time, because I know how heavy your heart must be and how terrible it is to get official letters that confirm the tidings of death.

"It is with much sympathy and sorrow that I am writing you, and yet you will want to know that somebody is here in France whose business it is to care for the graves of our brave men who have given their lives in the defense of the world's liberty.

"Your son, Edward J. Kelly, is buried in grave No. 1, American cemetery, Croismare, France. It is the province of this service to guard his grave and to see that, so far as the conditions of war may permit, it may never be lost.

"I had two years of similar service in the Philippines, and have come to France prepared to give my life if need be for the guarding of the graves of our dead and carrying out the sacred desires of the hearts at home.

"May God bless and comfort you in your great loss."

Major Pierce's letter was supplemented by a communication from the war department in Washington which gave more specific details as to the exact location of the grave.

SOCIETY

Wedding Supper

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bohler were host and hostess to a delightful wedding supper given at their home in the West End on last Wednesday evening in honor of their son, Mr. Earl Bohler, whose marriage to Miss Meta McFarland was solemnized in Louisville July 16.

The guests were invited to the house at 6:30 and were there to meet the bride and groom as they arrived home from Louisville that evening. Immediately after Mr. and Mrs. Bohler had received congratulations, they with guests were invited to the dining room where a delicious two course supper was served. One small table was served for the youngest guests who included Misses Ruby Wood and Helen Berry, Master Robert Berry and Francis Lee Gregory.

Seated at the other two tables were: Mr. and Mrs. Earl Bohler, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bohler, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Tierney, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Glenn, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hoffous, Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Wood and Mr. and Mrs. Sam Berry, Jr. Mesdames J. B. Penner, Joe Morrison, Thos. Bohler, Wilbur Gregory, Fred May, Mrs. Sanford Gary and Mrs. W. F.



Fresh Beef Travels on a Rapid Schedule

Fresh beef for domestic markets goes from stockyards to retail stores within a period of about two weeks. Although chilled, this meat is not frozen; hence it cannot be stored for a rise in price.

A steer is dressed usually within twenty-four hours after purchase by the packer. The beef is held in a cooler at the packing house, at a temperature a little above freezing, for about three days.

It is then loaded into a refrigerator car where a similar temperature is maintained, and is in transit to market on an average of about six days.

Upon arrival at the branch distributing house, it is unloaded into a "cooler", and placed on sale.

Swift & Company requires all beef to be sold during the week of arrival, and the average of sales is within five days.

Any delay along the above journey means deterioration in the meat and loss to the packer.

Swift & Company, U.S.A.

PROTECT YOUR EARNINGS

Having ready cash for sudden emergencies is possible only when you have saved a part of your salary or wages. Start with a small deposit if necessary. Increase it as you can and soon you will have a substantial interest-bearing account, and a feeling of safety, contentment, pride and independence.

Safety—Honesty—Courtesy—Service

FIRST STATE BANK, Irvington, Ky.

W. J. PIGGOTT, President
J. M. HERNON, Vice-President

J. C. PAYNE, Cashier
J. D. LYDDAN, Asst. Cashier

HUGHE'S CHILL TONIC

(PALATABLE) Better than Colomel and Quinine. (Contains no Arsenic.)

THE OLD RELIABLE

EXCELLENT GENERAL TONIC

As well as a remedy for Chills and Fevers, Malarial Fevers, Swamp Fevers and Bilious Fevers. Just what you need at this season.

Mild Laxative, Nervous Sedative, Splendid Tonic.

Try It. Don't take any substitute. At Druggists, 50c and \$1.00 Bottles.

PREPARED BY

ROBINSON-PETTET COMPANY,

INCORPORATED

Louisville, Ky.

Starks, of Louisville, Misses Anna Mae Penner, Mary Jo Mattingly, Agnita Mattingly, Mary Clark, Harry Berry, Joe D. Morrison and Hudson Bohler.

Motoring Party

The following young people composed a motoring party to Tell City Thursday evening to attend the "movies;" Misses Mary Jo Mattingly, Agnita Mattingly, Mary Clark, Anna Mae Penner and Miss Ruth O'Bryan, of Tobinsport. Messrs. Harry Berry, Joe D. Morrison, Jesse Hall Hudson Bohler and Harry Dorst.

Party on the Rocks

The members of the younger set went to the rocks Friday evening on

the motor boat "Shamrock" and had a picnic. In the party were: Misses Addie McGavock, Jane Lightfoot, Louise Weatherholt, Emily and Martha Reid, Mary Owen Oelze and Louise Nicholas; Messrs. Eldred Babbage, Willie Seaton, Forest D. Weatherholt and James Fitch. Miss Elizabeth Skillman acted as chaperon.

Six O'clock Dinner

Mrs. Hugh Wood was hostess to six o'clock dinner Thursday at her home in the East End of Mrs. William Goddard Cincinnati, and Mrs. Jno. D. Jr., of Washington, D.C. were laid for Mrs. Wood, Mrs. Babbage, Mrs. Davis and Miss Mildred D. B.

ENEMY BLINDED BY HIS OWN GAS

New Hun Weapon Proves to Be
Double-Edged.

ARE SORRY THEY STARTED IT

Concentrated Chemical Is More Deadly
to Teut Savages Than to Troops on
Whom It Is Directed—Remains
Active in Vicinity Where Shell Ex-
plodes for Long Period—Huns Suf-
fer Severely From Own Poison.

Hun ingenuity in producing gas with which to overwhelm the enemy has not always worked out as intended or wholly to the advantage of those employing it. In the recent offensive the intensive gas shell bombardment with which the Hun precedes his attacks has had occasionally unforeseen effects upon the Germans themselves.

For the purpose of the offensive the enemy employs a shell containing a double-purpose chemical, affecting first the eyes and then the skin. It is a modification of the normal "tear gas" shell, and the usual distinctive odor is very much reduced, so that the gas is not so easily detected. Men who suffer from its effects are temporarily blinded, and close contact with the fumes produces an unpleasant skin irritation. For the average case eight or ten days' hospital treatment is necessary, but the gas is neither fatal nor does it inflict permanent injuries, for our men are not exposed to it long. So much for our side of the question.

New Weapon Two Edged.
From the Hun point of view the weapon has proved decidedly double edged. This was especially the case on the Somme during the last offensive. The chemical was so concentrated that it was markedly less volatile than the usual gas shell content, and wherever a shell exploded a considerable proportion of the charge impregnated the surrounding ground. The fumes suspended in the air dispersed fairly rapidly, but the actual site of the explosion remained virulently poisonous. In the usual way the spot where a gas shell has burst is dangerous for 48 hours or so, but this concentrated chemical remained active for a much longer period.

The result was decidedly comic, for it was evidently one of the many little things that the "grosser general staff" omitted in its calculations. The Hun artillery lathered the allied positions with gas shells in the most lavish manner. Every redoubt, support line, ruined village and road center was plastered with the stuff. The great assault was launched and the allied line yielded ground. The Huns moved up and occupied it. Their bombardment had been miles deep; their advance was in proportion.

Poisoned by Their Own Gas.
Thousands of Hun troops poured up into the gas-infected area, sat down for cover in virulently poisoned shell holes, billeted themselves in abandoned hutments sprayed with their own gas—and only began to notice the effect about six hours later! During the action our men had been exposed to the fumes for a short period, but the Huns came and in their ignorance literally steeped themselves in it.

Exhausted men lay down in the dusk on dew-wet ground where the stuff had burst; they woke later to find the venom actually corroding their bodies through their clothes. Forward machine gun units dug emplacements in innocent-looking shell holes. Two hours later the men were wandering about blind and screaming in their pain and terror.

A day or two of wet weather seemed to clear the infected areas; new troops were marched up, the remnants of the old divisions withdrawn and the terror of their own gas hushed up and forgotten. Then came the blazing sun drying up the clay and loam, heating the earth surface inches deep. The latent poison awoke again and for no apparent reason shelters and dugouts that had been safe and habitable for days became deadly as puff adders. The unsuspecting troops were overwhelmed.

The Huns are sorry that they ever started gas; still sorrier that they improved it. But one can feel no pity for them. The effect on their morale is bad, for no man can tell now what terror of their own sowing lurks in the ground that they occupy at the cost of thousands of lives.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE NEWS

BETROTHAL OF THE JUNGLE

Maiden and Intended Each Supposed
to Meditate on Advantages of
Union Before Ceremony.

A second beating of tomtoms thundered through the barrio. The bride was coming! Down an avenue made for her by women of the tribe slowly crept the tiny figure. It was draped in the softest eastern stuffs; jeweled anklets and bangles tinkled merrily. A gauzy veil of wondrous workmanship swathed the figure, but through it Piang recognized his beloved Papita.

Slowly she approached; fearfully she raised her eyes to the man who awaited her, Florence Partello Stuart writes in St. Nicholas. Her little feet faltered, and Papita leaned heavily against the woman who supported her. But at that moment Piang gave a strange whistle, three soft notes of a mina bird floated over the barrio and Papita became suddenly alive. Again the notes stole through the jungle. The bride threw back her veil.

"The unwilling maid seems to have forgotten her woe," said one scornful woman to another.

The priestess commenced the ceremony that was to last all night. It was filled with weird chants to which Papita responded with renewed vigor. But her eyes furtively glanced toward a spot near the curve of the creek where a slender reed swayed unceasingly.

After several hours the priestess led the way to the water and Ynoch placed Papita in her gala vinta and pushed her out into the stream. He got into another and the two boats nosed each other while the crowd showered them with oils and perfumes. When the command came to part, the boats shot off in opposite directions. A maiden and a bridegroom are each supposed to meditate, in Oriental fashion, on the advisability of the union before the final ceremony; so read the Dyak marriage laws.

AMERICANS' ONE GREAT IDEA

Happiness Has Principal Charm—The
People Are the Most Idealistic
and Imaginative.

"The Americans are the most idealistic and imaginative people in the world, and the most prosaic, because like Wordsworth, the most prosaic of poets, they believe in happiness, and happiness to them as to Wordsworth means 'mens sana in corpore sano'; every one efficient in the tasks of modern life, the least heroic of doctrines. "I met a young American poet, handsome, and besides elated by winning some prize or other for a poem. He said to me in his arrogant way that poetry is a by-product of life. Why, I said, 'it is life itself.' 'I don't agree with you,' was all he condescended to reply. This young man expressed the American idea.

"I think the English dislike of theories, etc., through their long history is because of their poetical minds and their preoccupation with personality and its freedom.

"The taste for scenery has this advantage over the taste for human nature; the heart is not bruised. Yet since scenery is never absurd as are poor mortals, neither is there laughter nor genial pity. We love scenery principally because the feelings it creates are tranquil and easily controlled so that we can enjoy our full measure of self-content; dealing with human nature, the poet cannot be the superior person nor can he be proud."—From the Letters of John Butler Yeats.

About Cork.

A good, sound cork is something worth taking care of and using properly. Never "waggle" a cork out of a bottle. That is the best way to break or at least spring a crack in the cork. Remove the cork with a turning or twisting movement, always in one direction only, i. e., not a twist one way and then in the opposite way. Replace the cork with the same twist as when removing it. Never lay a cork down on a dirty, splashed table. If it must be laid down, stand it on its crown or top. For bottles containing liquids in use, e. g., developers, etc., attach the cork to the bottle thus: Pass a crochet needle through the top of the cork, and with its aid draw the end of a piece of fine twine right through the cork, and tie this end of the string round the neck of the bottle, so adjusting matters that the cork just falls to reach the table (i. e., bottom of the bottle) when the cork and string are free. This saves the cork getting lost in the darkroom.

TRY A NEWS WANT AD TODAY

VICTORY IN THREE MONTHS. ASSIRTS A. BONAR LAW

British Statesman Says German
Drive Will Fail; Then
Kaiser Loses.

LLOYD GEORGE LAUDS YANKS

English Premier in Speech to Amer-
ican Troops in France Says Huns
Can Have Peace Any Day They
Bow to American President.

London, July 8.—"The coming blow will not be less dangerous because of the time employed in preparing for it, but it is comforting to know that the men responsible for the command of the allied armies are confident of the result," Andrew Bonar Law, chancellor of the exchequer, declared at a dinner to the delegates of the parliamentary commercial conference.

"It is impossible to foresee the future," he said, "but I believe that the fateful hour of this war is upon us and if in another three months our enemies have won no strategic object, then their campaign will have failed and it will, I hope, be a decisive failure."

"The Germans possessed the most perfect military machine that ever existed but the chancellor said he believed that when the history of the war was written it would be seen that Germany had made greater military mistakes than any other power. He instanced the submarine warfare which had brought the United States into the war. He doubted whether Germany would get as much out of Russia as she expected," he said.

The chancellor spoke gratefully of American help and alluded to the wonderful organization in sending American troops across the Atlantic. The Germans, he said, could now weigh the advantages and disadvantages of their submarine campaign through them.

Can Have Wilson Peace Now.

With the American Army on the British Front, July 8.—Until Germany accepts the conditions laid down by President Wilson she cannot have peace, and she can have peace tomorrow if she accepts them. David Lloyd George, the British premier, gave this message to the American troops training on the British front after he had seen them at review.

The arrival in France of 1,000,000 American soldiers had made the German emperor realize that his defeat was certain. The emperor, the premier said, had had many illusions regarding the war. One of these was that the new American troops would not be capable of meeting those of Germany, trained to the minute.

Premier Lloyd George reiterated forcefully that the allies do not covet a single yard of German soil and do not desire to dispossess Germany of her rightful inheritance or the German people of their legitimate rights.

Glad Yankees Are Allies.

The British prime minister stood in an automobile in the center of the sun-bronzed Americans who have recently landed in France. Beside him were Viscount Milner, the British secretary of state for war, and William Morris Hughes, the Australian premier. Mr. Lloyd George said in part:

"General: I desire to congratulate you on being in command of such a fine body of men. When I see them I am glad they are on our side, not on the other. We are anxious that many more thousands come across the ocean. The fact that you are here at all is a source of great joy to all of us."

"At the same time it is a source of great disappointment to the kaiser, who never quite expected you. He was assured by his advisers that America was so pacific there was no danger of her getting in. Of course a mistake was committed. He has gone from folly to folly. His next illusion was that even if you declared war you could not get here. His advisers said that all the ships would be sunk and there would be no means remaining to bring you across the sea."

"But you are here, not a part of a force of a few thousands, but a part of a force of hundreds of thousands, to fight for justice and the freedom of the world."

Chateau Thierry a Joit.

"Chateau Thierry opened the kaiser's eyes to another mistake. Yesterday in Paris I saw your comrades who fought at Chateau Thierry carrying their flag. And they carried it high, proud of the fact they had not lowered it on the battlefields of Europe. The French generals I have talked to have expressed delight with the fighting qualities of Americans. So the kaiser's advisers and the kaiser realize they have made another mistake."

"We are grateful that you are not fighting only for America, not only for France, which has suffered more than any nation in the world has ever suffered; you are fighting for the liberties of the world. In your faces alone we have a source of great hope. We see there determination to win and we are confident."

President Wilson Thursday made it clear what we are fighting for. If the kaiser and his advisers will accept the conditions voiced by the president they can have peace with America, peace with France, peace with Great Britain, tomorrow.

"But he has given no indication of

"MAJOR BILLY" WELLBORN



"Major Billy" Wellborn, credited with greater knowledge of the details of the draft system than any other person, drew all but a very few of the 1,200 capsules used in the second draft. She is in charge of the information bureau in the provost marshal general's office. She is known as "Billy" by her friends, and General Crowder nicknamed her "Major Billy." She is shown holding the bowl from which she drew the capsules.

WAR WHOOPING INDIAN CHASES 20 GERMANS

Works So Fast That Even the
Enemy Stops to Watch
Crazed Redskin's Actions.

One North Dakota Indian is a match for 20 Germans, according to a letter received at Mandan, N. D., from Sergt. E. H. Tostevin, now in service in France. The Indian is Charlie Rogers, a full-blooded Sioux of the Standing Rock reservation, and a member of the Eighteenth United States Infantry.

"You ought to have seen that Indian the first time the Roche made a raid on our trenches," writes Sergeant Tostevin. "He leaped over the parapet swinging his old rifle over his head. He let out a yell that he had saved for years, and it was a genuine warwhoop by one of the people who made war-whooping famous."

"The Germans were pretty close before we mixed. Rogers, of course, had his gun loaded with five rounds, and his bayonet fixed. After swiping his gun around his head a couple of times, he brought it down to his shoulders and emptied his shells at the enemy, swung it again, yelled and jabbed, and used the butt of his gun to smash the skull of another."

"I had my hands full all this time, but the crazed Indian's actions were so fast that we half watched him, Germans and we fellows alike. It was only a small fracas anyway. The crazed Indian's actions terrorized the Huns and they beat it for their lives."

"Rogers never got a scratch. It was in fact very much a one-man scrap, almost an exhibition. I never saw a man move so fast in my life, and I guess the Germans hadn't either."

Rogers is now being utilized as a sniper, and is enjoying himself picking off enemy snipers, Sergeant Tostevin adds, and says that other Indians in the regiment are being used for scouting and patrol duty because of the natural instinct which fits them for this kind of work.

SEES SON IN MOVIES

Mother Recognizes Boy Among Sol-
diers on March.

"If you ever see a moving picture camera while on the march, wave your arm, smile and say 'Hello, mamma!' Perhaps I'll see it," was the parting injunction of Mrs. H. G. Bass of Atlanta, Ga., to her son, Lieut. Arthur Bass, as he left them for service "over there."

Recently Mrs. Bass, watching a screen show, suddenly screamed and cried:

"There he is; see him smile and look. I can hear him saying: 'Hello, mamma!'"

The picture showed the Yankees marching smilingly down a long muddy road toward the trenches, when suddenly there came into view the young lieutenant, who waved his hand jauntily and his lips moved as if obeying his mother's instructions.

The picture was continued several days in the hope of showing other Atlanta boys.

Dog Eats Stamps.

A dog belonging to a Malvern (Ark.) druggist ate \$4 worth of one-cent postage stamps one day. The stamps had been left on a desk by the dog's master. The dog's owner believes the dog's act was prompted by patriotism, the dog believing that the more stamps Uncle Sam sells the better for his business.

Dogs Must Stay Home.

Dogs are forbidden to run at large in Chehalis, Wash., at any time through an ordinance passed by the city council because of many complaints of dogs injuring war gardens.

COAL

I am prepared to ship car lots of coal to consumers in Breckinridge county. 900 bushels is minimum quantity and 1,200 maximum. Get a permit from your county Fuel Administrator and have your banker O. K. your order and you will promptly get your coal. My price for coal over a half-inch screen is \$2.55 per ton, f. o. b., Hawesville, Ky. Mine weights prevail.

If you can't use a car, go in with your neighbor and get your coal at wholesale price.

G. W. NEWMAN
Hawesville, Kentucky

LAND OWNERS, ATTENTION!

If, for any reason, you have decided to sell your farm this year now is the time to list them with us.

We are having more inquiries for farm land than we can take care of.

List your farm if you want to get quick action and good prices.

REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT
BANK OF HARDINSBURG & TRUST CO.
Hardinsburg, Ky.

FOR SALE-- DUROC SOWS

For sale—Six registered sows, 2 and 3 years old, due to farrow in Aug. and Sept. Sows sired by some of the most noted sires known to the breed.

Some of these sows would be in the six or seven hundred pound class if put in show condition and are all regular producers of high-class pigs and are sold for no fault. Also a few fall gilts that will weigh 250 pounds and are the best prospects I ever bred.

Must be sold at once and will be sold worth the money. If you are in the market for first-class breeding stock, you are cordially invited to inspect this stock before buying.

G. P. MAYSEY - - Hardinsburg, Ky.

Beard Brothers

Will buy your hogs, cattle, sheep, wool, tobacco and most anything else.
Hogs received every day except Sunday.

BEARD BROTHERS
Hardinsburg, Ky.

PUBLIC SALE

At Our Livery Barn, Stephensport, Ky.,
Saturday, July 27th
We will sell at Public Auction all of our livery rigs, harness, horses and wagons:

5 Horses 5 Double Sets Harness
3 Buggies 3 Single Sets Harness
1 Surrey 1 Drummer Wagon

Terms of Sale: All sums of \$5 and over, on 6 months time; under \$5, cash.

MORGAN BROS.

Dan E. Baird, Auctioneer. Stephensport, Ky.

Sores and Wounds on the limbs or body should not be neglected. They quickly become ulcers and are hard to cure.

**BALLARD'S
SNOW LINIMENT**
Heals Quickly

It is an excellent remedy to keep in the house for prompt use when accidents occur. Try it for Cuts, Wounds, Sores, Galls, Swellings, Chafed Skin, Sore Feet, Oak or Ivy Poisoning. It is good for human or animal flesh. Price 25c, 50c and \$1 per bottle.

JAS. F. BALLARD, Proprietor, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Sold by all druggists.

THE BRECKENRIDGE NEWS

JNO. D. BABBAGE, Editor and Publisher

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY.

CLOVERPORT, KY., WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1918.

EIGHT PAGES.

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REMEMBER THE DAYS

| | | | |
|-----------|---------------------|----------|--------------------|
| SUNDAY | ONE MEAL WHEATLESS | THURSDAY | ONE MEAL WHEATLESS |
| MONDAY | ALL MEALS WHEATLESS | FRIDAY | ONE MEAL WHEATLESS |
| TUESDAY | ONE MEAL WHEATLESS | SATURDAY | ONE MEAL WHEATLESS |
| WEDNESDAY | ALL MEALS WHEATLESS | | |



FARM AND STOCK.

Splendid refreshing showers fell in this section last Monday and did a world of good to the growing crops and human beings.

Last week was a busy week for farmers. They had all they could do harvesting their hay, clover and oats and threshing wheat. The yield of wheat is not up to expectations but it is a good crop, splendid grain and weighing out well.

The tobacco crop is showing up fine a little uneven but growing by leaps and bounds. Farmers generally are well pleased with its condition. Corn is in the tassel and the pumpkin is in bloom and they are good to look upon.

W. A. Dodson, of Dodson Brothers, Frymire, was at the County Seat last Thursday. He reports 1,827 bushels of wheat from 80 acres, an average of 23 1/2 bushels. They had one field of 40 acres that made 1,084 bushels to the acre, a little over 27 bushels to the acre. Mr. Dodson says crop conditions are good in his section, corn, tobacco, clover and hay all good.

Jeff Trent, Irvington, Route 1, received by express last week 2 Holstein heifers from the Edgewood farms, Whitewater, Mich. Mr. Trent makes a specialty of Holstein cattle.

Read G. P. Maysey's ad in the News this week. He has something good in the way of Duroc's to offer you.

According to a Berlin paper, flour is selling in Vienna at \$4.50 a pound, horse flesh at \$3.50 a pound and other kinds of meats at \$5.75 a pound. Meals in middle class restaurants cost \$3.50.

On last Monday President Wilson vetoed the agricultural appropriation bill because of the amendment fixing the minimum price of wheat at \$2.10 a bushel. The action of the President was based on the disapproval of any attempt by congress to take from the food administration the right to fix prices.

Judge Layman has certainly been good to the farmers serving on the Jury this term of court. He has managed and planned in every way possible not to keep them away from their work when it was necessary for them to be at home. The special session will close this week.

Don't be a slacker on your subscriptions. Notice your label and see how you stand. We can't help win this war without money any more than Uncle Sam. As A. V. Whitworth, of Stephensport, said in renewing his subscription, "this dollar and a half is worth more to you than it is to me in my pocket, when I owe you." And this is absolutely true. Idle money is no good to any body. It is only good when it moves or circulates. Every dollar that comes into our hands circulates.

W. N. Pate, Hardinsburg, Route 3, reports 47 acres of wheat that yielded 650 bushels. Fox Gray, Irvington, Route 1, 5 acres and 126 bushels yield.

Wonder how many persons remember that last June was an exceptionally cold month for the season of the year?

HILL ITEMS

Mrs. Chas. Keil and daughter, Annie Keil spent Wednesday and Thursday in Louisville. Annie remained for a visit with Mrs. Courtney Babbage and other relatives.

Mrs. Jim Seaton, Miss Clara Mae Seaton and M. D. Seaton spent last week with Mrs. Seaton's mother, Mrs. Atkinson near Hardinsburg.

Julius Hardin has returned home after a few days visit with Mr. and Mrs. Wick DeHaven, Fordsville.

Mrs. Sue Purcell and daughter, Mrs. Hayes, Enid, Okla., are visiting Mrs. Joe Mullen.

Sam Smith and son, Erny, Terre Haute, Ind., are visiting Mr. Smith's mother, Mrs. Wm Smith.

Miss Mona Isom after an extended visit to her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Dave Isom in Illinois returned Thursday.

Miss Edna Nicholas is visiting in Hawesville.

Mrs. Viola Jackson and Robert Daugherty went to Dayton Saturday to see Mr. and Mrs. Joe Simmons, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Daugherty and Miss Iva Wine.

Miss Maggie Taberling has gone to Louisville to see her grandmother, Mrs. Vane Pate and Mr. Pate.

Mrs. Emma Laslie and her two daughters, Mrs. J. Coomes and Mrs. Wordiff went to Holt Thursday for a two days visit to Mrs. Laslie's uncle, George Harris and Mrs. Harris.

LODIBURG

Castle Dye and Sanford Brashear, Camp Zachary Taylor were at home last Saturday and Sunday visiting their parents.

Spergeon Argarbright, Lonnie Keys and Roscoe Deacon left last Monday for the war, Roscoe and Lonnie had to leave their young wives, but such is war.

Mrs. Solomon Hanks and three children, Stephensport visited her sister, Mrs. Macy Sunday.

Misses Mamie Decker, Eva Payne, Mary Ellis Hardin, Carrie Keim, Luella Black spent Saturday and Sunday the guests of Miss Belle Norton.

Miss Annie Lee Hardin who has been in St. Louis for the past five years is now making \$18 a week making hats and caps for the soldiers.

Frank Miller son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm Miller enlisted in the U. S. army.

R. B. Cox, Union Star visited his son, G. R. Cox Saturday. Mr. Cox is 84 years old and gets around like a man of 50.

Walker West shipped a young calf to Louisville last week which brought him \$26.90 clear of expenses.

Mrs. Charlie Bruce and daughter, Miss Jessie May returned home last Friday from Illinois where she had been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Lue Aldridge and her son, Eddie Bruce.

Miss Zilma Avitt, Mystic visited Miss Dell Deacon last week.

Miss Wilda Dowell, Illinois is the guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Bill Keys.

Chester Skillman will teach the Hazel Dell school this winter.

Mulhatten, says there will be 9,999,999 war widows in this country after the war. Joe, how many old maids will there be?

Mrs. Mercer Basham will teach the Walnut Grove this winter.

McDaniels

Miss Margaret Rhodes has returned home after a two week's visit to her brother, Thos. Rhodes, Leitchfield.

Harry Storms and Miss Agnes Bowlds left last Monday for a few days stay at Grayson Springs.

Miss Bertha Bennett after a short visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Bennett returned to her work Monday at the St. Joseph's Infirmary, Louisville.

Miss Florence Rhodes is teaching a good school at the Rhodes school house.

Miss Corine Quiggins returned to Cloverport after a pleasant two week's visit to her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Jno. L. Rhodes. She was accompanied home by her uncle, Philip Rhodes and cousin, T. J. Rhodes for a two days stay.

Chas Mattingly returned to Cloverport Saturday after a few days visit to his sister, Mrs. Jas Rhodes who has been real sick.

Mr. Jas Rhodes is improving of rheumatism.

The infant child of Will Moore died Thursday and was buried Friday.

A moonlight picnic was given here Saturday on Woosleys lawn for the benefit of the Red Cross. A large crowd attended.

Eli Storms who has been ill for some time is not improving.

Mr. Philip Rhodes and sisters, Misses Bertha and Christine Rhodes and niece, Miss Corine Quiggins were given a surprise party by a crowd of twenty-four young people.

Accepted for Officers Training Camp.

John Bentley, who is now stationed at Camp Taylor has been accepted for the Central Training School for officers and will begin his course in about three weeks. The school will be located at either Camp Custer Mich., or Camp Taylor Louisville.

Mr. Bentley is the oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Geo Bentley of this city and his friends are much pleased at his selection for the place—Hawesville Clarion.

Children's Party.

Little Miss Henrietta Unvargt, of Henderson will be the guest of honor at a party this afternoon from four to six o'clock given by her aunt, Mrs. Fred Whitehouse whom she is visiting.

The hostess is arranging a series of entertainments of a patriotic nature and each of the fifty little guests will be favored with an American flag. Delicious ices and cakes will be served at the conclusion of the games.

Sugar Certificate.

Those wanting certificates to buy sugar for canning purposes, who live at and near Cloverport should apply to Miss Elizabeth Skillman, Deputy County Food Administrator, Cloverport Ky. Any other information wanted can be secured either from or through her office.

Merchants of the county who now hold or may receive, sugar certificates issued by me or my deputies for sugar for canning purposes may forward same to Food Administrator Sugar Division, Louisville, Ky., and they will issue you certificates which entitles you to buy sugar from your jobbers in like amount of canning sugar sold. Don't send any certificates not filled out complete they will not be honored. R. R. Compton, County Food Administrator.

RED CROSS AMRICO TOOTH PASTE

An antiseptic refreshing paste, that leaves a delightful after-taste. Cleanses the teeth without injuring the enamel. The antiseptic properties aid in keeping the teeth and gums in a healthy condition. This and more than one hundred other Red Cross Remedies and Toilet Preparations sold and guaranteed only by

A. R. Fisher, Cloverport, Ky.

Miss Elizabeth Skillman Deputy County Food Administrator.

Miss Elizabeth Skillman, of Cloverport has been appointed Deputy County Food Administrator for Breckinridge County, having received her appointment from R. R. Compton Federal Food Administrator for this county. Miss Skillman has been connected with the work of the Food Administration since it was first started in this county and is thoroughly familiar with her duties and the citizens of Cloverport and vicinity and the county in general should feel gratified in having her service in this work.

At Home on Leave

Fred D. Pierce, of the Radio Department, U. S. S. Kentucky, arrived partment, U. S. S. Kentucky, arrived York City on a fifteen days' leave of absence to visit his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Pierce, at "Rose Hill."

With Home Boys In Service

Continued from page 1)

own little soldier boy, Ben H. Pate, Co. I, 33 Infantry, Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, Ohio.

Another From Norman Gregory Camp Mills, Long Island, New York.

Dear Mother:—We arrived here Sunday night and I had a fine trip. I was with the first section train carrying the officers, which I have been attached. We had our band along and don't you forget it, we had a time.

When we left Battle Creek, Mich., we went to Detroit and then our route was along Lake Erie, through a part of Canada. Our first stop after leaving, to limber up, was at St. Thomas, Onta. Here we met with a royal welcome, thousands crowded along the side walks to see us and everybody had a Canadian and American flag waving; post cards of scenes around St. Thomas, already stamped were handed out to all of us.

At Buffalo, Elmyria and Binghamton, N. Y., we were given hearty receptions, but the biggest one we struck was at Scranton, Pa. Everybody was out cheering, autos screeching, bell ringing, fire department turned in all the alarms and, believe me, we did some fancy drills for the big welcome they gave us. From Scranton we cut across New Jersey to New York, arriving at Hoboken we were transferred to a Ferry boat and was taken around New York harbor to Long Island. I saw the statue of Liberty, vessels of all kinds in the harbor, the Brooklyn and Eads bridge, and the sights that were unfurled to me, made me glad to think that I was soon to see greater sights than I ever thought would be my lot to see.

Down near us is our aviation field and we boys need rubber necks as sometime 20 or more can be seen up in the air doing all kinds of stunts. As this is only a port for embarking, we have but little to do, and me and my chum are going to hunt up Casper and as my chum has been in New York and knows where all the big sights are, we are going up to take them in.

Now don't worry about us; the risk is no more than in ordinary life and the sights we will see will more than overbalance the risk we take. Besides what will the slackers say when the victorious Sammies come marching home, and ask—"what did you do to help win the war?" Nix for me, we are on to Berlin or bust.

N. S. Gregory, Headquarters Co., 338 Inf., 85 Div.

The Breckenridge News is in receipt of the Trench and Camp, a newspaper published at Camp Custer, Battle Creek, Mich., sent by one of the home boys, Norman S. Gregory. The editor of the News appreciates being remembered in this manner by one of our soldiers.

HITES RUN

Miss Frances Atwood and Miss Mildred Atwood returned to their home in Louisville Sunday after a visit to their aunt, Mrs. Porter Atwood and Mr. Atwood.

Mrs. Will Frank, who has been ill, is slowly improving.

Mr. Smith, of Maceo, was the guest of J. H. Blythe, Wednesday.

Will Waggoner returned home Tuesday night from Louisville after a few days visit with relatives.

Miss Mildred Hendrickson fell from a swing Sunday and broke her arm.

Mrs. Raffo Winchell and children were guests of her sister, Mrs. Fred Duttschke, at Holt, Saturday and Sunday.

Several from here went to Hardinsburg Friday to hear the Riley trial.

Miss Ida Waggoner is visiting her brother, C. B. Waggoner and Mrs. Waggoner, in Stephensport.

Lewis Walker left Saturday for Logansport, Ind., for an indefinite stay with his sister, Mrs. Allea Elder and Mr. Elder.

Miss Virginia Alice Davis, of Louisville, is visiting Misses Ollie and Dora Waggoner.

Mrs. Nobe Sahlie and little daughter, Evelyn, were guests of Mrs. Benedict Elder Tuesday.

Miss Emma Blythe entertained last Tuesday evening in honor of Priv. Herman Waggoner, Camp Taylor, and Roy Chapin, who left for Lexington Monday.

Everett Miller, of Tell City, visited his sister, Mrs. J. A. Waggoner, Friday and Saturday. He will leave for camp Tuesday.

Motored Here From Kirk.

Miss Agnes Jarboe, Miss Katherine Jarboe, Miss Irene McGary, Miss Katherine Kennedy, Messrs. Dud and Percy McGary, of Kirk, motored here Sunday afternoon with Priv. Edward Otto, Co. 325, Field Artillery, who returned to the West Point Artillery Range, after spending the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Frank McGary, of Kirk.

Who gets the money you earn?



Put Some of it in OUR BANK regularly every Pay Day

TAKE A PENCIL AND PUT DOWN WHERE EVERY CENT OF YOUR LAST MONEY WENT. YOU WILL SEE HOW MUCH WENT FOR EXTRAVAGANCES AND THINGS YOU REALLY DID NOT NEED.

IF YOU PUT THIS MONEY IN OUR BANK, IN A YEAR IT WOULD MAKE A GOOD ROUND SUM.

DO IT. YOU KNOW YOU OUGHT TO.

THE BANK OF HARDINSBURG & TRUST CO. HARDINSBURG, KY.

Total Assets Over \$1,000,000.00

We Offer You Strength, Courtesy, Good Business Methods

Thrift Is Now a National Slogan

The American people are waking up. They resent the charge that they are wasteful.

Bank deposits all over the country are increasing by leaps and bounds.

Are you a depositor?

If you are not, join the financial preparedness army. Manage to lay aside a certain amount of cash. We'll be glad to explain our banking system.

FARMERS BANK, Hardinsburg, Ky.

Stop, One Minute!

Bring your Chilled Plow Points and have them ground right up to now. Do not plow with a dull point when you can get it sharpened for twenty cents.

No. 40 Oliver, 25c; Hill Side Plow 25c

Bring your Repair Work

You will be pleased with the job when it leaves my shop. Have your buggies painted and striped as new. All of this done at reasonable War Time Prices.

S. C. MATTINGLY
Stephensport, Ky.

Everything in BUILDING MATERIAL

Flooring, Ceiling, Weatherboarding, Finish, Building Hardware, Window Glass, Cement, Laths, Lime, Sand, Plaster, Pumps, Electric Supplies, Paints, Oil, Grease, Roofing.....

AUTO AND BICYCLE SUPPLIES

Gasoline Filling Station

Quick Tire Service

Free Air

MARION WEATHERHOLT, General Contractor
Cloverport, Kentucky

Wednesday, July 24, 1918

Entered at the Post Office at Cloverport, Ky., as second class matter.

THIS PAPER REPRESENTED FOR FOREIGN ADVERTISING BY THE

AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

GENERAL OFFICES
NEW YORK AND CHICAGO
BRANCHES IN ALL THE PRINCIPAL CITIES

RATES FOR POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Precinct and City Offices.....\$ 2.50
For County Offices.....\$ 5.00
For State and District Offices.....\$15.00
For Calls, per line......10
For Cards, per line......10
For all Publications in the interest of individuals or expression of individual views, per line......10

Train Schedule on The L., H. & St. L. R'y.

Effective July 1st, 1918

| EAST BOUND | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|
| No. 142 will leave Cloverport..... | 9:20 A. M. |
| Arriving Irvington..... | 10:15 A. M. |
| Arriving Louisville..... | 12:20 P. M. |
| No. 144 will leave Cloverport..... | 5:08 P. M. |
| Arriving Irvington..... | 6:00 P. M. |
| Arriving Louisville..... | 7:55 P. M. |
| No. 146 will leave Cloverport..... | 5:15 A. M. |
| Arriving Irvington..... | 6:07 A. M. |
| Arriving Louisville..... | 7:50 A. M. |
| No. 148 leaves Henderson..... | 4:00 P. M. |
| Arrives Owensboro..... | 5:00 P. M. |
| Arrives Shops..... | 6:20 P. M. |
| WEST BOUND | |
| No. 141 will leave Cloverport..... | 10:38 A. M. |
| Arriving Owensboro..... | 12:01 P. M. |
| Arriving Henderson..... | 12:58 P. M. |
| Arriving Evansville..... | 1:25 P. M. |
| Arriving St. Louis..... | 7:40 P. M. |
| No. 143 will leave Cloverport..... | 6:40 P. M. |
| Arriving Owensboro..... | 7:05 P. M. |
| Arriving Henderson..... | 8:07 P. M. |
| No. 145 will leave Cloverport..... | 11:37 P. M. |
| Arriving Owensboro..... | 12:48 A. M. |
| Arriving Henderson..... | 1:40 A. M. |
| Arriving Evansville..... | 2:07 A. M. |
| Arriving St. Louis..... | 7:50 A. M. |
| No. 147 will leave Shops..... | 6:50 A. M. |
| Arriving Owensboro..... | 8:06 A. M. |
| Arriving Henderson..... | 9:15 A. M. |

**EAT
CORN
SAVE
WHEAT**



Dan E. Baird, Holt, was in Owensboro, Saturday.

Miss Eva Jolly is in Tell City visiting Mrs. Lee Brumfield.

Earl Fella, Holt, was in Louisville Tuesday and Wednesday.

Miss Addie Frymire, Chenault, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. Byrne Severs.

Mrs. Peyton Scott and children have returned home from a visit to relatives in Hardinsburg.

C. F. Tinius made a business trip to St. Louis Saturday morning returning the following Tuesday.

Mrs. Arthur Davis, Louisville, spent a few days last week with her mother, Mrs. Hiram Moorman.

Judge Robert Slack, Owensboro, spent Sunday at the St. George Hotel. He was enroute to Hardinsburg Monday.

Miss Blondina Ball, Wolf Creek, Ky., arrived Sunday to spend a few days with her sister, Mrs. Ella Jordan.

Priv. Ollie M. Clark, West Point Artillery Range, spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Clark.

Miss Henrietta Unervagt, Henderson, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Fred Whitehouse and Mr. Whitehouse.

Serg. Collin Stewart Miller, camp Zachary Taylor, spent the week-end in this city the guest of Miss Margaret Skillman.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank English and their daughter, Miss Lida Mae English, Skillman, were here Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Henry Wilburn returned to Louisville Saturday after a visit to his niece, Mrs. Ernest Gregory and Mr. Gregory.

Miss Maggie Greenwell, Irvington, returned home Saturday after a several days visit to her sister, Mrs. Fladge Carter.

Miss Lenora McGavock is expected home Saturday from Bowling Green where she has been attending the Summer school.

Mrs. Peyton Thompson and her two children and Miss Bertha Thompson, went to Louisville Monday to spend the week.

Judge W. E. Settle, Frankfort, spent Friday and Saturday in this city

All Worn Out

Is this the condition of your time piece? All worn out, run down and behind time. The best of time pieces will get that way after so long a time, but one good thing—they can be repaired. See

Thos. Odewalt
Railroad Watch Inspector
Cloverport, Ky.

Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention.

in the interest of his race for Judge of the Court of Appeals.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Holder, Louisville, were here last week the guests of Mr. Holder's mother, Mrs. Thos. Bohler and Mr. Bohler.

Mrs. H. N. Wood will go to West Point Friday to see Miss Freda Shields and go to the Artillery Range for the military display.

Mrs. Mannie Moorman and grandson, Robert Kincheloe, Hardinsburg, were guests of Mrs. Ed Oglesby several days the past week.

Mrs. W. F. Starks and Mrs. Sanford Gary, Louisville, were guests of their sister, Mrs. Chas. Bohler and Mr. Bohler, Wednesday.

Miss Bessie Dunn, who lives in the East End, fell near the railroad track Thursday afternoon and strained the ligaments in her right limb.

Mrs. Earl Sumner returned home Monday evening from Louisville where she has been with Mr. Sumner at Camp Zachary Taylor.

Miss Thedasia Matheny went to Irvington Sunday to attend a dinner party given for Ed Morrison who left Monday for Camp Zachary Taylor.

Mrs. Robert Jones and son, Robert Jones, Jr., Louisville, came Saturday evening for a visit to Mrs. Jones' parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Bowlds.

Mrs. Anna B. English, Franklin, Tenn., arrived Saturday for a visit to her son, Mr. Frank English and Mrs. English, at their home in Skillman, Ky.

Mr. Jesse Weatherholt, Louisville, spent Sunday with his brother, Mr. Marion Weatherholt and Mrs. Weatherholt.

Mrs. E. A. Blaine and two sons, Messrs. Billy and Arthur Blaine, Lakeland, Fla., were the week-end guests of Mrs. Blaine's sister, Mrs. Nat Tucker.

Mr. Wm. G. Polk, Sr., of Cincinnati, will spend his vacation this week with Mrs. Polk and Wm. Polk, Jr., who are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Babbage, Sr.

Rand-McNally war maps keep you in touch with the American boys on the firing line. These maps are for sale at The Breckenridge News office, for 25 cents.

Miss Lillian Porter, of Champaign, Ill., and Miss Elizabeth Williams, of Waitman, Ky., are here for a two week's visit to their aunt, Mrs. Geo. Mullen and Mr. Mullen.

Mrs. Frank Ferry and her mother, Mrs. F. M. Miller, went to Owensboro Monday where Mrs. Miller was called to see her brother, Chris Perigo, who is seriously ill.

Mr. and Mrs. David Duncan and children, Miss Louise Duncan and Mr. David Henry Duncan, spent Sunday with Mr. Duncan's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Duncan.

Dr. John Kincheloe, Mrs. Kincheloe and Mrs. Mannie Moorman, Hardinsburg, motored here Sunday afternoon to see Mrs. Moorman's sister, Mrs. Carrie Chick, who is ill.

Prof. Dudley, Earlinton, Ky., who spoke at the Methodist church Monday evening in the interest of Sunday-school work, was the guest of Rev. W. L. Baker and Mrs. Baker.

Mr. Carl Balis, Mansfield, O., arrived Saturday in his Oldsmobile car to spend his vacation with Mrs. Balis and their son, Moorman Willis Balis, who are guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Willis.

Mrs. Rhodes, of Washington, who has been in Kentucky visiting relatives, was here last week the guest of her brother, Mr. D. H. Severs at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Byrne Severs.

Mrs. F. Fraize and sister, Miss Jane Warfield, have left the Cloverport Hotel and moved into Mrs. Fraize's property on river street in the West End, where they are keeping house.

Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Clark and children, and Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Overton, of Askins, Ky., with Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Thompson and daughter, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Clark, Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. J. B. Randall, Louisville, has as her guest, Miss Louise Balis, of Athens, Ohio, who is being extensively entertained. Miss Balis will visit Miss Martha Willis in this city before returning to Athens.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Tinius, Holt, are expecting this week, Mr. Tinius' brother, Mr. James M. Tinius and Mrs. Tinius; the former has received his call to be examined in Hardinsburg July 25 for military service.

Miss Tula Babbage will finish the six weeks summer course at Bowling Green State Normal School, Thursday, and she goes from there to Louisville to spend a few days with her brother Priv. Virgil A. Babbage, Camp Taylor, and Mrs. Babbage.

We aint uneasy about the future defense of the country. If the war lasts a few years longer we will have an army of old maids, big enough to whip the world.

Report of the condition of the FIRST STATE BANK

doing business in the town of Irvington, County of Breckinridge, State of Kentucky, at the close of business on 25th day of June, 1918.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts.....\$156,916.22
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured.....3,950.35
Stocks, bonds and other securities.....13,509.00
Due from banks.....13,212.50
Cash on hand.....4,180.82
Banking house, Furniture and Fixtures.....4,000.00

Total.....\$195,768.89

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in, in cash.....\$15,000.00
Surplus fund.....3,500.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid.....640.56
Deposits subject to check.....\$88,476.18
Time deposits.....77,538.08
Due banks and Trust Companies.....614.25
Bills payable.....10,000.00

Total.....\$195,768.89

State of Kentucky,
County of Breckinridge, Sect.

We, W. J. Piggott and J. C. Payne, president and cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

W. J. Piggott, President
J. C. Payne, Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3rd day of July, 1918.

J. M. Herndon,
Notary Public.

My Commission expires Mar. 8, 1920.

LIST OF CANDIDATES IN PRIMARY ELECTION

The following is a list of candidates to be voted for in the Primary Election to be held in Breckinridge county, Kentucky, on Saturday, August 5th, 1918, as they will appear on the Official Primary Ballot under the proper devices:



Democrats
For United States Senator
WILLIAM PRESTON KIMBALL
of Lexington, Ky.
OLLIE M. JAMES
of Marion, Ky.
For Judge of Court of Appeals
W. E. SETTLE
of Bowling Green, Ky.
J. W. HENSON
of Henderson, Ky.



Republican
For United States Senator
B. J. BETHURUM
of Somerset, Ky.
BEN L. BRUNER
of Louisville, Ky.
For Congress
JOHN P. HASWELL, Jr.
of Hardinsburg, Ky.
For Judge of Court of Appeals
F. J. PENTECOST
of Henderson, Ky.
MCSKER L. HEAVRIN
of Hartford, Ky.

State of Kentucky,
County of Breckinridge, Sect.

I A. T. Beard, Clerk of the county court for Breckinridge county, State of Kentucky, hereby certify that the foregoing are the names and places of residence of persons nominated by notification and declaration as candidates for the various public offices above indicated, whose notifications and declarations are required by law and such have been filed in my office of the County Court Clerk by the Secretary of State, and which candidates are to be voted for at the Primary Election in the Commonwealth of Kentucky, to be held on Saturday, the Third day of August, nineteen hundred and eighteen.

Given under my hand this the 10th day of July, 1918.

A. T. Beard,
Clerk Breckinridge County Court.

Shipping completed in the first week in July amounted to 122,000 tons or at the rate of 6,000,000 tons a year.

Announcement.
For Appellate Judge.
We are authorized to announce the name of J. W. Henson as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Appellate Judge from the Second District, at the primary, August, 1918.

We are authorized to announce Judge W. E. Settle as a candidate for re-nomination for Judge of the Court of Appeals from the Second District, subject to the August, 1918, primary.

Classified Advertisements

NOTE—Please notify the editor when you desire advertisements discontinued.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Automobile delivery truck for sale cheap. Apply to Mrs. J. T. O'Connell, Cloverport, Ky.

FOR SALE—Three lots and seven room house on hill; for particulars write W. V. Perkins, 817 Huston Ave., Dayton, Ohio.

FOR SALE—Old brick—Dr. D. S. Spire, Hardinsburg, Ky.

FOR SALE—Two Ford touring cars in good repair. Call on or write—Fice Hendrick, Hardinsburg, Ky.

FOR SALE—Splendid dwelling, centrally located. For price and terms write or call on Jno. D. Babbage, Cloverport, Ky.

Wanted Miscellaneous

WANTED—You to make extra money by renting that spare room or your vacant house by running a Want Ad. in THE BRECKENRIDGE NEWS.

Dr. J. C. OVERBY DENTIST

Located permanently in Hardinsburg, occupying office recently vacated by Dr. Walker.

BALOPTCO
Eyeglasses and Spectacles

IN these times when the supplying of goods involves unprecedented difficulties, it is highly important that you have you glasses made where you get the best service and closest attention. There are several reasons why BAL should make your glasses, but the principal one is the best you get are the only safe kind to wear.

"Ask Any Oculist"

The Ball Optical Co.
ROBT. J. BALL
613 Fourth Ave.
Louisville, Kentucky

Party at Mystic
Mystic, July 22.—(Special)—Misses Gola Bane and Elva Bane entertained the following young people Sunday, July 14. Misses Claudia and Phrona Woosley, Mary and Emma Lee Bandy, Ethel Walls, Mayme Leota Grant and Myra J. Rollins; Messrs. Roy Woosley, Paul D. Grant, Lewis Cart, Russell Dowell, Roscoe E. Bennett, Eldred and Merton Cart.

They all left in the afternoon telling of the enjoyable day they had spent and hope to spend many more afternoons with the Misses Bane.

RED CROSS

STONE ROOT AND BUCHU COMPOUND
Of unexcelled value for the treatment of kidney diseases. Pains in the back and burning sensations are symptoms of kidney troubles, which are quickly overcome by use of this remedy. This and more than one hundred other Red Cross Remedies sold and guaranteed only by
A. R. Fisher, Cloverport, Ky.

MATTINGLY

Mr. and Mrs. James Harris, Nashville Tenn., are here visiting relatives. Mr. Harris' health is not good and he will remain here for sometime the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Frank thinking perhaps a change to the country will benefit his health.

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Hambleton visited relatives in Cloverport and Tobinsport last Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. J. Mathis and daughter, Cora entertained a number of the young people Saturday evening in honor of her son, Homer Mathis who left for Hardinsburg Sunday to report for duty in the U. S. army.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Beavin gave the young people a dance Friday night in honor of their son, Mug Beavin who has been called to the colors.

Mrs. J. D. Mingus who has been seriously ill for two months with typhoid fever continues ill.

Mid-Summer Goods

The kind of thin goods so popular just now

White Batish Flaxons, Voiles and Organdies

Figured and Striped Voiles

Plain and Fancy Organdies

Voile Charming

Cotton and Silk Foulards

White Goods for Skirts

Lots of nice goods to select from

We Sell War Savings and Thrift Stamps

J. C. NOLTE & BRO.

CLOVERPORT, KY.

Household Furniture

We invite our customers to come in and inspect our complete line of Household Furniture. It is often said the first impression is the more lasting and therefore we should at all times put forth our best efforts in keeping our houses well furnished as well as ourselves well dressed.

Parlor and Bed Room Suites

Cotton Top Mattresses

Library Tables

Rocking Chairs

Center Tables

Kitchen Cabinets

Bed Steads

Oil Stoves

Mattings and Oil Cloth for floor coverings

It will pay you to see our stock. Buy now as furniture is becoming more scarce as the war continues.

J. R. WILSON

Glen Dean, Ky.

Cane Mills, Evaporator Pans, Roker Furnaces

None Better. Different Sizes.

Ready to Ship

Write for prices delivered to your nearest railroad station.

FORDSVILLE PLANING MILL COMPANY

Incorporated

JAKE WILSON, Manager

FORDSVILLE, KENTUCKY

Protect your growing Tobacco Crop

against loss by hail by insuring with

PAUL COMPTON

Hardinsburg, Ky.

Cheapest and most liberal Contract in the Market

ALABAMA FIRST TO CAPTURE HUNS

Chaplain Tells of Exploits of Rainbow Division.

STRIKE TERROR TO ENEMY

American Boys Refuse to Give Inch to Savage Hordes of Beast of Berlin—Untold Cruelties Left in Wake of Barbarians Would Shame the Old-Time American Redskins—Yanks Are Bravest of Soldiers.

Letters received here from officers and men of the Rainbow division, who were under canvas on the Hempstead Plains, L. I., before being sent to France have created intense enthusiasm when read to the scores soon to leave for foreign service.

Chaplain Emmet P. Smith of the 167th Alabama infantry, writes that he was the first man in the Rainbow division to draw the enemy fire.

"We had just moved up over the front," says Chaplain Smith, "when the first bomb fell in our camp thrown by an enemy airplane. It fell about 100 feet from where I was standing, throwing mud, pebbles and pieces of shrapnel all about me, causing me to spill my cupful of hot coffee on my uniform and to beat a hasty retreat to a place of safety."

"I am glad to tell you that the Rainbow boys are making great history over here in France. We are all in good spirits and full of pep and ready to go over at all times. Plenty of wholesome food for every man, good, comfortable clothing and first-class equipment. We could not ask for anything better, unless it is another million men from the states to help us administer the knockout blow to the Kaiser and his barbarians."

Carry Terror to Hun.

"Our outfit carried terror to the heart of the Hun on more than one occasion, and our boys took possession of No Man's Land the first day."

"Alabama captured the first prisoners unaided by the French that any American outfit pulled off, receiving the unstinted praise of the French and American officers. Quite a number of our boys wear war medals. We hope to meet again the many residents of Long Island towns who did so much to show their whole-hearted hospitality to us at Camp Mills. We hope to meet them again as men who did our best to make the world free from the domination of the unspeakable Hun."

"By the way, every German sympathizer in America ought to see what untold cruelties the Hun has left behind him. He made war on old men and helpless women and outraged tender girls and mutilated little boys. The true story of the Hun and his brutality can never be told, for many things I have seen are too horrible for the mind of a civilized person to believe. We must win this war or the world will be a hell and a slave market for German war lords to terrorize."

Bravest of the Brave.

"Let the good people in the states stand by us. Send men, guns, airplanes by the thousands and thus bring the war to a speedy and definite ending and save civilization from being destroyed by modern barbarians, whose 'kultur' is terrorism and whose method of warfare would shame the old-time American redskins."

"Our American boys refuse to give an inch to the Hun. No braver men ever followed a flag than men of America in France. The New York regiment, the old Sixty-ninth, are good fighters, and they are facing the enemy like heroes. Father Duffy, the chaplain of the Sixty-ninth, is every inch a man and a soldier and the regiment is fortunate in having such a good man as chaplain. Best wishes. Your friend, E. P. SMITH, "Chaplain 167th Infantry."

Chaplain Smith resigned his pastorate to go with the famous Alabama regiment selected for the Rainbow division. He is one of the most noted of scholarly clergymen in the South land.

LIKE FRENCH BEDS

American Soldiers Find Them Crude but Comfortable.

Go where you may behind the allied lines in France, one style of bed predominates. It is crude, but comfortable, and very popular among the troops.

The bed measures about six feet long by two and one-half feet wide. The framework is made of any material that happens to be available and the support is wire netting or sandbags securely nailed. The legs stand about 18 inches from the floor. Where the men obtain the material for their beds is a mystery.

In the trenches, of course, no beds are to be had. A waterproof sheet and a single blanket usually suffices. In the trench dugouts officers have straw to sleep on, the utmost comfort they can expect. Men on leave from the trenches say that for the first few nights they are unable to sleep between sheets on a soft spring bed.

Friends Steal His Savings.

John Smaller, a Slav of Pittsburgh, trusted two men of his own race with \$600 while he held a box filled with "securities" waiting for them to return. After an hour passed he opened the box to find it filled with old paper.

Long Live The King

By
MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

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The Princess Hedwig appeared that evening without rouge, and was the only woman in the room thus unadorned. Also she wore her coming out string of modest pearls and a slightly defiant, somewhat frightened, expression.

The dinner was endless, which was necessary, since nothing was to follow but conversation. There could, under the circumstances, be no dancing. And the talk at the table, through course after course, was somewhat hectic, even under the constraining presence

of King Karl. There were two reasons for this: Karl's presence and his purpose—as yet unannounced, but surmised, and even known—and the situation in the city.

That was bad. The papers had been ordered to make no mention of the occurrence of the afternoon, but it was well known. There were many at the table who felt the whole attempt foolhardy, the setting of a match to inflammable material. There were others who resented Karl's presence in Livonia, and all that it implied. And perhaps there were, too, among the guests, one or more who had but recently sat in less august and more awful company.

Beneath all the brilliance and chatter, the sparkle and gaiety, there was, then, uneasiness, wretchedness, and even treachery. And outside the palace, held back by the guards, there still stood a part of the sullen crowd which had watched the arrival of the carriages and automobiles, had craned forward to catch a glimpse of uniform or brilliantly shrouded figure entering the palace, and muttered as it looked.

Dinner was over at last. The party moved back to the salon, a vast and empty place, hung with tapestries and gayly lighted. Here the semblance of gaiety persisted, and Karl, affability itself, spoke a few words to each of the guests. Then it was over. The guests left, the members of the council, each with a wife on his arm, frowzy, overdressed women most of them. The council was chosen for ability and not for birth. At last only the suite remained, and constraint vanished.

The family withdrew shortly after to a small salon off the large one. And there, at last, Karl cornered Hedwig and demanded speech.

"Where?" she asked, glancing around the crowded room.

"I shall have to leave that to you," he said. "Unless—there is a balcony."

"But do you think it is necessary?"

"Why not?"

"Because what I have to say does not matter."

"It matters very much to me," he replied gravely.

Hedwig went first, slipping away quietly and unnoticed. Karl asked the archduchess's permission to follow her and found her waiting there alone, rather desperately calm now, and with a tinge of excited color in her cheeks. Because he cared a great deal, and because, as kings go, he was neither hopelessly bad nor hard, his first words were kind and genuine, and almost brought her to tears.

"Poor little girl!" he said. He had dropped the curtain behind him, and they stood alone.

"Don't," said Hedwig; "I want to be very calm, and I am sorry for myself already."

"Then you think it is all very terrible?"

She did not reply, and he drew a chair for her to the rail. When she was seated, he took up his position beside her, one arm against a pillar.

"I wonder, Hedwig," he said, "if it is not terrible because it is new to you, and because you do not know me very well. No," he added hastily, "that I think your knowing me well would be an advantage! I am not so idiotic. But you do not know me at all, and for a good many years I must have stood in the light of an enemy. It is not easy to readjust such things—witness the reception I had today!"

"Why must we talk about it?" Hedwig demanded, looking up at him suddenly with a flash of her old spirit. "It will not change anything."

"Perhaps not. Perhaps—yes. You see, I am not quite satisfied. I do not want you, unless you are willing. It would be a poor bargain for me, and not quite fair."

A new turn, this, with a vengeance! Hedwig stared up with startled eyes. It was not enough to be sacrificed. And as she realized all that hung on the situation, the very life of the kingdom, perhaps the safety of her family, everything, she closed her eyes for fear he might see the fright in them.

Karl bent over and took one of her cold hands between his two warm ones. "Little Hedwig," he said, "I want you to come willingly because—I care a great deal. I would like you to care, too. Don't you think you would, after a time?"

"After a time!" said Hedwig dreamily. "That's what they all say. After a time it doesn't matter. Marriage is always the same—after a time."

"Why should marriage be always the same, after a time?" he inquired. "This sort of marriage, without love."

"It is hardly that, is it? I love you," Karl smiled. He was on his own ground here. The girlish question put him at ease. "Enough for us both, at first," he said. "After that—"

"But," said Hedwig desperately, "suppose I know I shall never care for you, the way you will want me to. You talk of being fair. I want to be fair to you. You have a right—!" She checked herself abruptly. After all, he might have a right to know about Nikky Larisch. But there were others who had rights, too—Otto to his throne, her mother and Hilda and all the others, to safety, her grandfather to die in peace, the only gift she could give him.

"What I think you want to tell me, is something I already know," Karl said gravely. "Suppose I am willing to take that chance? Suppose I am vain enough, or fool enough, to think that I can make you forget certain things, certain people. What then?"

"I do not forget easily."

"But you would try?"

"I would try," said Hedwig, almost in a whisper.

Karl bent over and taking her hands, raised her to her feet.

"Darling," he said, and suddenly drew her to him. He covered her with hot kisses, her neck, her face, the soft angle below her ear. Then he held her



"Now," he said, "Have You Forgotten?"

away from him triumphantly. "Now," he said, "have you forgotten?"

But Hedwig, scarlet with shame, faced him steadily. "No," she said.

Later in the evening the old king received a present, a rather wilted rose, to which was pinned a card, with "Best wishes from Ferdinand William Otto," printed on it in careful letters. It was the only flower the king had received during his illness.

When, that night, he fell asleep, it was still clasped in his old hand, and there was a look of grim tenderness on the face on the pillow, turned toward his dead son's picture.

Troubled times now, with the carnival only a day or two off, and the shop windows gay with banners; with the committee of ten in almost constant session, and Olga Loschek summoned before it, to be told of the passage, and the thing she was to do; with the old king very close to the open door, and Hedwig being fitted for her bridal robe and for somber black at one fitting.

Troubled times, indeed. The city was smoldering, and from some strange source had come a new rumor. Nothing less than that the royalists, headed by the chancellor, despairing of crowning the boy prince, would, on the king's death, make away with him, thus putting Hedwig on the throne—Hedwig, queen of Karnia perhaps already by secret marriage.

The city, which adored the boy, was seething. The rumor had originated with Olga Loschek, who had given it to the committee as a useful weapon. Thus would she have her revenge on those of the palace, and at the same time secure her own safety. Revenge, indeed, for she knew the way of such rumors, how they fly from house to house, street to street. How the innocent, proclaiming their innocence, look even the more guilty.

When she had placed the scheme before the committee of ten, had seen the eagerness with which they grasped it—"in this way," she had said, in her scornful, incisive tones, "the onus of the boy is not on you, but on them. Even those who have no sympathy with your movement will turn at such a rumor. The better the citizen, the more a lover of home and order, the more outraged he will be. Every man in the city with a child of his own will rise against the palace."

"Madame," the leader had said, "you should be of the committee."

But she had ignored the speech contemptuously, and gone on to other things.

Now everything was arranged. Black Humbert had put his niece to work on a carnival dress, for a small boy, and had stayed her curiosity by a hint that it was for the American lad.

"They are comfortable tenants," he

had said. "Not lavish, perhaps, as rich Americans should be, but orderly, and pleasant. The boy has good manners. It would be well to please him."

So the niece, sewing in the back room, watched Bobby in and out, with pleasant mysteries in her eyes.

Now and then, in the evenings, when the Americans were away, and Bobby was snug in bed, with Tucker on the tiny feather comfort at his feet, the Fraulein would come downstairs and sit in Black Humbert's room. At such times the niece would be sent on an errand, and the two would talk. The niece, who, although she had no lover, was on the lookout for love, suspected a romance of the middle-aged, and smiled in the half darkness of the street: smiled with a touch of malice, as one who has pierced the armor of the fortress, and knows its weakness.

But it was not love that Humbert and the Fraulein talked.

Herman Spier was busy in those days and making plans. Thus, day by day, he dined in the restaurant where the little Marie, now weary of her husband, sat in idle intervals behind the cashier's desk, and watched the grass in the place emerge from its winter hiding place. When she turned her eyes to the room, frequently she encountered those of Herman Spier, pale yet burning, fixed on her. And at last, one day when her husband lay lame with sciatica, she left the desk and paused by Herman's table.

"You come frequently now," she observed. "It is that you like us here, or that you have risen in the shop?"

"I have left the shop," said Herman, staring at her. "Flesh, in a moderate amount, suited her well. He liked plump women. They were, if you please, an armful. 'And I come to see you.'"

"Left the shop?" Marie exclaimed. "And Peter Niburg—he has left also? I never see him."

"No," said Herman noncommittally. "He is ill, perhaps?"

"He is dead," said Herman, devouring her with his eyes.

"Dead!" She put a hand to her plump side.

"Aye. Shot as a spy." He took another piece of the excellent pigeon pie, Marie, meantime, lost all her looks, grew pasty white.

"Of the—the terrorists?" she demanded, in a whisper.

"Terrorists! No. Of Karnia. He was no patriot."

So the little Marie went back to her desk, and to her staring out over the place in intervals of business. And what she thought of no one can know. But that night, and thereafter, she was very tender to her spouse, and put cloths soaked in hot turpentine water on his aching thigh.

On the surface things went on as usual at the palace. Karl's visit had been but for a day or two. He had met the council in session, and had had, because of their growing alarm, rather his own way with them.

But although he had pointed to the king's condition and theirs—as an argument for immediate marriage—he failed. The thing would be done, but properly and in good time. Karl left them in a bad temper, well concealed, and had the pleasure of being hissed through the streets.

But he comforted himself with the thought of Hedwig. He had taken her in his arms before he left, and she had made no resistance. She had even, in view of all that was at stake, made a desperate effort to return his kiss, and found herself trembling afterward.

In two weeks he was to return to her, and he whispered that to her.

On the day after the dinner party Otto went to a hospital with Miss Braithwaite. It was the custom of the palace to send the flowers from its spectacular functions to the hospitals, and the crown prince delighted in these errands.

So they went, escorted by the functionaries of the hospital, past the military wards, where soldiers in shabby uniforms sat on benches in the spring sunshine, to the general wards beyond. The crown prince was almost hidden behind the armful he carried. Miss Braithwaite had all she could hold. A convalescent patient, in slippers many sizes too large for him, wheeled the remainder in a barrow, and almost upset the barrow in his excitement.

Through long corridors into wards fresh scrubbed against his arrival, with white counterpanes exactly square, and patients forbidden to move and disturb the geometrical exactness of the beds, went Prince Ferdinand William Otto. At each bed he stopped, selected a flower, and held it out. Some there were who reached out, and took it with a smile. Others lay still, and saw neither boy nor blossom.

"They sleep, highness," the nurse would say.

"But their eyes are open."

"They are very weary, and resting." In such cases he placed the flower on the pillow, and went on.

One such, however, lying with vacant eyes fixed on the ceiling, turned and glanced at the boy, and into his empty gaze crept a faint intelligence. It was not much. He seemed to question with his eyes. That was all. As the little procession moved on, however, he raised himself on his elbow.

"Who was that?"

The ward, which might have been interested, was busy keeping its covers straight and in following the progress of the party. For the man had not spoken before.

"The crown prince."

The sick man lay back and closed his eyes. Soon he slept. His comrade in the next bed beckoned to a sister. "He has spoken," he said. "Either he recovers, or—he dies."

But Haeckel did not die. He lived to do his part in the coming crisis.

to prove that even the great hands of Black Humbert on his throat were not so strong as his own young spirit; lived, indeed, to confront the terrorist as one risen from the dead. But that day he lay and slept, by curious irony the flower from Karl's banquet in a cup of water beside him.

On the day before the carnival, Hedwig had a visitor, none other than the Countess Loschek. Hedwig, all her color gone now, her high spirit crushed, her heart torn into fragments and neatly distributed between Nikky, who had most of it, the crown prince, and the old king. Hedwig, having given her permission to come, greeted her politely but without enthusiasm.

"Highness!" said the countess surveying her, "may I speak to you frankly?"

"Please do," Hedwig replied. "Everybody does, anyhow. Especially when it is something disagreeable."

Olga Loschek watched her warily. She knew the family as only the outsider could know it; knew that Hedwig, who would have disclaimed the fact, was like her mother in some things, notably in a disposition to be mild until a certain moment, submissive, even acquiescent, and then suddenly to become, as it were, a royalty and grow cold, haughty. But if Hedwig was driven in those days, so was the countess, desperate and driven to desperate methods.

"I am presuming, highness, on your mother's kindness to me, and your own."

"Well, go on," said Hedwig resignedly. But the next words brought her up in her chair.

"Are you going to allow your life to be ruined?" was what the countess said.

Careful! Hedwig had thrown up her head and looked at her with hostile eyes. But the next moment she had forgotten she was a princess, and the granddaughter to the king, and remembered only that she was a woman, and terror-stricken. She flung out her arms, and then buried her face in them.

"How can I help it?" she said.

"How can you do it?" Olga Loschek countered. "After all, it is you who must do this thing. No one else. It is you they are offering on the altar of their ambition."

"Ambition?"

"Ambition. What else is it? Surely you do not believe these tales they tell—old wives' tales of plot and counterplot!"

"But the chancellor—"

"Certainly the chancellor!" mocked Olga Loschek. "Highness, for years he has had a dream. A great dream. To fulfill his dream to bring prosperity and greatness to the country, and naturally, to him who plans it, there is a price to pay. He would have you pay it."

Hedwig raised her face and searched the other woman's eyes.

"That is all, then?" she said. "All this other, this fright, this talk of treason and danger, that is not true?"

"Not so true as he would have you believe," replied Olga Loschek steadily. "There are malcontents everywhere, in every land. It is all ambition, one dream or another."

"But my grandfather—"

"An old man, in the hands of his ministers!"

Hedwig rose and paced the floor, her fingers twisting nervously. "But it is



"But it is Too Late," She Cried.

too late," she cried at last. "Everything is arranged. I cannot refuse now. They would—I don't know what they would do to me!"

"Do! To the granddaughter of the king. What can they do?"

That aspect of things, to do her credit, had never occurred to Hedwig. She paused in front of the countess.

"What can I do?" she asked pitifully. "That I dare not presume to say. I came because I felt—I can only say what, in your place, I should do."

"I am afraid. You would not be afraid," Hedwig shivered. "What would you do?"

"If I knew, highness, that some one, for whom I cared, himself cared deeply enough to make any sacrifice, I should demand happiness. I rather think I should lose the world, and gain something like happiness."

"Demand!" Hedwig said hopelessly. "Yes, you would demand it. I cannot demand things, I am always too frightened."

The countess rose. "I am afraid I have done an unwise thing," she said. "If your mother knew—!" She shrugged her shoulders.

"You have only been kind. I have so few who really care."

The countess curtsied, and made for the door. "I must go," she said, "before I go further, highness. My apology is that I saw you unhappy, and that I resented it, because—"

"Yes?"

"Because I considered it unnecessary."

She was a very wise woman. She left then, and let the next step come from Hedwig. It followed, as a matter of record, within the hour, at least four hours sooner than she had anticipated. She was in her boudoir, not reading, not even thinking, but sitting staring ahead, as Minna had seen her do repeatedly in the past weeks. She dared not think, for that matter.

Hedwig's notification that she would visit her, found the countess at leisure and alone. She followed the announcement almost immediately, and if she had shown cowardice before, she showed none now. She disregarded the chair Olga Loschek offered, and came to the point with a directness that was like the king's.

"I have come," she said simply, "to find out what to do."

The countess was as direct. "I cannot tell you what to do, highness. I can only tell you what I would do."

"Very well," Hedwig showed a touch of impatience. This was quibbling, and it annoyed her.

"I should go away, now, with the person I cared about."

"Where would you go?"

"The world is wide, highness."

"Not wide enough to hide in, I am afraid."

For myself," said the countess, "the problem would not be difficult. I should go to my place in the mountains. An old priest, who knows me well, would perform the marriage. After that they might find me if they liked. It would be too late."

"This priest—he might be difficult."

"Not to a young couple, come to him, perhaps, in peasant costume. They are glad to marry, these fathers. There is much irregularity. I fancy," she added, still with her carefully detached manner, "that a marriage could be easily arranged."

But, before long, she had dropped her pretense of aloofness, and was taking the lead. Hedwig, weary with the struggle, and now trembling with nervousness, put herself in her hands, listening while she planned, agreed eagerly to everything. Something of grim amusement came into Olga Loschek's face after a time. By doing this thing she would lose everything. It would be impossible to conceal her conviction. No one, knowing Hedwig, would for a moment imagine the plan hers. Or Nikky's, either, for that matter.

She, then, would lose everything, even Karl, who was already lost to her. But—and her face grew set and her eyes hard—she would let those plotters in their grisly catacombs do their own filthy work. Her hands would be clean of that. Hence her amusement that at this late day she, Olga Loschek, should be saving her own soul.

So it was arranged, to the last detail. For it must be done at once. Hedwig, a trifle terrified, would have postponed it a day or so, but the countess was insistent. Only she knew how the very hours counted, had them numbered, indeed, and watched them flying by with a sinking heart.

If she gave a fleeting thought to the palace, to the crown prince and his impending fate, she dismissed it quickly. She had no affection for Annunziata, and as to the boy, let them look out for him. Let Mettlich guard his treasure, or lose it to his peril. The passage under the gate was not of her discovery or informing.

(Continued next week.)

WAR CROSSES FOR YANKS

Sergeant Routed Six Germans in "Quiet Day" Skirmish.

Lieut. Sidney Ellevald, Grand Rapids, Mich., has received the French War Cross for carrying a wounded man back from the first line trenches while under fire.

Sergeant Charles H. Cunningham of Grand Rapids, Mich., has won the French War Cross for routing six Germans who tried to capture him in one of the little actions characteristic of quiet days in quiet sectors.

The sergeant was leading a patrol of ten men to reconnoiter the enemy's trenches when his detachment was ambushed by a party of Germans. Cunningham was hit in the breast and arm before the Americans could fire and the Germans then used grenades in an effort to cut off the sergeant and three of his men from the rest of the party. Sergeant Cunningham climbed the parapet of a trench, emptied his pistol and then fell exhausted into the trench. The Germans meantime had been driven off.

Likes United States Customs.

"The only thing I hate about army life is the mud," writes Private Edward Wren of Company I, One Hundred and Sixty-sixth Infantry, France. "I saw a cow walk from the barnyard through a house and right out the front door, and decided then that I like the customs of the United States army better than the ones over here."

Do you get up at night? Sano! is surely the best for all kidney and bladder troubles. Sano! gives relief in 24 hours from all back-ache and bladder troubles. Sano! is a guaranteed remedy. 50c and \$1.00 a bottle at the drug store.

BOAT SHELLS TOW OF BARGES

NEWS ESCAPE IN BOATS AFTER
FOUR CRAFT ARE SUNK
OFF CAPE COD.

Attack Takes Place Only a Few Miles
From the Naval Aviation Station
Chatham—Seaplanes Attack Raider
—Women and Children Shelled.

Orleans, Mass.—A German submarine attacked the tug Perth Amboy, of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, and her four barges three miles off this town on the southeastern elbow of Cape Cod.

The one-sided battle lasted one hour and one-half. The tug was burned to the water's edge by shell fire, while the barges Lansford and No. 766, No. 403 and No. 740 were sunk by gunfire.

The barges were bound from Gloucester for New York, and only one was loaded, her cargo consisting of stone.

Of the 41 persons, including three women and seven children, on board, three men—Captain Charles Ainslie, of the Lunsford, and John Bolovich, and John Vitz, Austrian members of the tug crew, were wounded. Bolovich probably will lose an arm. Vitz had one hand blown off. These two were sent to the Massachusetts General Hospital in Boston. Captain Ainslie was wounded in both arms by shrapnel and was treated at the summer home of Dr. J. Danforth Taylor, of Boston.

The attack was witnessed by large crowds of natives and summer visitors who had flocked to the cape for the week-end seeking relief from the heat wave.

All accounts agreed that the submarine's shooting was very bad. Her torpedo work was no better. According to Captain Ainslie, of the Lansford, she launched three torpedoes at the tug and all went wild.

The attack occurred only a few miles from the naval aviation station at Chatham. Three seaplanes attacked the raider with bombs, according to Rear Admiral Spencer S. Wood, commander of the First Naval District. The fire was returned, keeping the planes high. Finally, however, the U-boat submerged and was last observed heading south.

Anti-Fraud Conference.

Washington.—To discuss means of restricting the floating of fraudulent stock, the Capital Issues Committee has called a conference of Government agencies and others interested to be held here. Those invited to participate include the American Bankers' Association, Associated Advertising Clubs, American Newspaper Publishers' Association, War Industries Board, Federal Reserve Board, Comptroller of the Currency, Chamber of Commerce of the United States, Postoffice Department, Department of Justice and the Railroad, Food and Fuel Administration.

Sees Handwriting!

Geneva, Switzerland.—Americans are mentioned for the first time by the Arbeiter Zeitung, of Vienna. The paper asserts the Americans have changed the situation for the Entente nations, not only in the political, but in the military phases of the conflict. The paper says: "There is no further doubt that there are a million Americans in France. The genius of American organization has obtained stupifying results. Germany finds herself faced by three Powers whose combined population is three times greater than hers."

German Propaganda Must Go.

Washington.—Under the auspices of the National Committee of Patriotic Societies, a nation-wide movement is being inaugurated to stamp German propaganda out of American schools. The movement aims to make a nation-wide survey of school text-books, with the purpose of securing the adoption of those containing a higher note of patriotism. It aims to uncover and to eliminate the insidious German propaganda which has so successfully found its way into the school books and the schools of the country.

Negro Saved From Mob.

St. Louis, Mo.—The East St. Louis police force, in its full strength, is on duty and city officials are taking such steps as they deem necessary to prevent an outbreak of anti-negro rioting similar to the riots of last year, in which many negroes were killed and hundreds driven away from the city. They are closely guarding Joe Johnson, 26 years old, a negro who was rescued from a mob of more than a hundred people early in the evening by the prompt and unflinching action of Patrolman Perry Frost.

Buried With Military Honors.

Amsterdam.—The death of Quentin Roosevelt is confirmed by a press message from the front, according to a Berlin dispatch received here. The message adds that young Roosevelt was buried with military honors by the Germans.

Mine Works Collapse.

Johannesburg, South Africa.—Ten earth shocks occurred in this region. They caused the collapse of the mine works. Damage and casualties are not determined.

IS YOUR BANK DOING DUTY?

Patriotic Citizens Should See That
Participation Announcement
Is Shown.

The banks throughout the Eighth Federal Reserve District are giving earnest and patriotic support in aiding in the flotation of United States Certificates of Indebtedness, millions of dollars of which are being subscribed by the banks to pave the way for the Fourth Liberty Loan Campaign.

A hands me participation announcement has been prepared by the Liberty Loan Organization, and one of these will be sent to each bank that subscribes for these Certificates of Indebtedness. This announcement will be prominently displayed by each participating bank.

Each announcement is numbered, and a careful check is kept on all issued. Every patriotic citizen who is anxious to aid the Government and win the war should look for this announcement in the bank where he transacts business. If it is not seen, he should inquire of the bank the reason for its absence.

CERTIFICATE PLAN IS BEST

U. S. Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness Highest Form Commercial Paper.

Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo has made an appeal to all bankers, whether or not they be members of the Federal Reserve Bank, to buy United States Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness up to 2½ per cent of their total resources for each issue.

The bankers are requested to make this calculation not on the figures shown in the latest published statement, but on the footings made on the day the subscription is placed.

The Certificates of Indebtedness are offered only to bankers. They will be offered semi-monthly until the opening of the Fourth Liberty Loan Campaign. They draw 4½ per cent interest. They constitute commercial paper of the very highest order—the obligation of a borrower supreme in integrity and resources, a security available for rediscount, salable in the market, security for Government deposits, an asset which is a compliment to the conservation and patriotism of its owner.

Each bank taking its share of the Certificates of Indebtedness will have prominently displayed an official announcement, numbered, showing this fact. Patriotic men and women should demand their bankers to show this participation announcement, and insist upon it.

BANKERS ARE PATRIOTIC

Are Proving Their Loyalty in Aiding Government to Finance the War.

The splendid spirit of patriotism manifested by the bankers throughout the Eighth Federal Reserve District in previous Liberty Loan Campaigns is being more than maintained in the preliminary campaign for the Fourth Loan that began June 25, when the first series of \$750,000,000 of United States Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness was offered to the banks.

No more patriotic and intelligent body of men than the men comprising the banking element exists anywhere. They make a deep study of finance. They watched the mistakes made by Germany and our Allies in financing the war, and they do not hesitate to place the stamp of approval on the methods adopted by the United States Government to avoid repetition of the mistakes.

This plan of Certificates of Indebtedness spread the demand that will be made this fall on the country at large for the Fourth Loan, and the money that is realized from raw materials and labor will go through the channels of commerce and return to the country for reinvestment this fall.

The certificates form the basis for a system of credits which will relieve the country of a great strain it would experience if the certificate plan had not been adopted.

PRELIMINARY CAMPAIGN

Eighth District Bankers Absorb First Offering of Certificates of Indebtedness.

Bankers throughout the Eighth Federal Reserve District are entering heartily in the Government's plan to dispose of the \$750,000,000 United States Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness.

The quota for the St. Louis District is \$30,000,000, issued June 25. Similar offerings of the certificates, not to exceed eight issues, will be made every two weeks until the Fourth Liberty Loan Campaign. Then these short-term certificates, maturing October 24, may be turned in for the long-term Liberty Bonds.

By the banks taking the certificates at each offering, the money goes into the hands of the Government, it is expended for raw materials and for labor, is thrown back into the channels of commerce and may be used over and over, and the people not made to feel the drain that would be felt if the entire amount were raised at one time.

The Certificates of Indebtedness plan will relieve the Liberty Loan Campaign to a large extent and make its success all the easier.

EARL OF STANHOPE



The Earl of Stanhope, who has been with the English forces at the front, is the man who made the statement before the house of lords, in substance: "The French hold their trenches by their wonderful 75-mm. gunfire. The French system is expensive in ammunition; ours is expensive in lives." Never before has the truth been told so tersely.

an intention to do so. Because he will not do so is the very reason we all are fighting.

"What are we here for? Not because we covet a single yard of German soil. Not because we desire to dispossess Germany of her inheritance. Not because we desire to deprive the German people of their legitimate rights. We are fighting for the great principles laid down by President Wilson."

MAJOR MITCHEL KILLED

New York Former Mayor Dead in Air Accident.

Falls 600 Feet From Single-Seated Scout Plane and Meets Instant Death.

Lake Charles, La., July 8.—Maj. John Purroy Mitchel, former mayor of New York and an officer in the aviation section of the signal corps, was killed instantly at Gerstner field when he fell from a single-seated scout plane at a height of about 600 feet.

The accident occurred at 7:30 a. m. after the aviator had been in the air about 30 minutes. Major Mitchel became a flyer for the army after having been defeated last fall for re-election as mayor of New York. He had served one term as the chief executive of the country's biggest city, the youngest mayor ever elected to that office. On July 19 next he would have been thirty-nine years old.

Major Mitchel went into army service with previous military training, having taken the course at Plattsburgh while he was mayor. Upon joining the aviation corps he was transferred to San Diego, Cal., where, after successfully covering the cadet training, he became a full-fledged flyer. He was frequently mentioned as having shown unusual daring.

ASKS PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

General Crowder Orders Draft Boards to Have 1918 Men Ready in August.

Washington, July 8.—State draft executives were directed by Provost Marshal General Crowder to have local boards call up for physical examination immediately all new registrants under the selective draft law who have been placed in Class 1. District and local boards and medical advisory boards will be instructed to speed their work so as to have the new Class 1 men available for call to the colors in August.

U. S. PATROL RESCUES 700

American Boat Saves Canadian Troops When Steamer City of Vienna Is Wrecked.

Boston, July 8.—The rescue by an American patrol boat of 700 troops from the Canadian troop ship City of Vienna, wrecked off the Atlantic coast, was reported here. The American boat ran through a thick fog to reach the City of Vienna, which went down soon after all hands had been taken off.

VOTES FOR \$2.40 WHEAT

House in Effort to Break Deadlock Over Increase of Minimum Price.

Washington, July 8.—In an effort to bring the deadlock over the senate proposal to increase the government's minimum guaranteed wheat price of \$2.50 the house adopted, by a vote of 150 to 106, a resolution by Representative McLaughlin of Michigan to make the price \$2.40.

Directory of

Cattle and Hog Breeders, Chicken Raisers, Live Stock and Tobacco Dealers of Breckinridge County,

Planters Hall Stock Farm

Glen Dean, Ky.

Polled Durham Cattle. Poland China Hogs. Short Horn Cattle. Hampshire Sheep

Have won 1000 Ribbons at State Fairs Past Five Years

Valley Home Stock Farm

W. J. OWEN & SONS, Proprietors

Hardinsburg, Ky., Route 1

Poland China Hogs a Specialty

Polled Durham Cattle

ORCHARD HOME FARM

G. P. MAYSEY, Proprietor

BREEDER OF

Registered Duroc Jersey Hogs.

Hardinsburg, Ky., Route 2.

C. V. ROBERTSON,

Hardinsburg, Ky.

DEALER IN

High-Class Horses, Mules, Fine Saddle and Harness Horses.

IT WILL PAY YOU TO VISIT MY STABLES

Glen Valley Stock Farm

E. L. ROBERTSON, Proprietor

Glen Dean, Ky.

Polled Durham and Shorthorn Cattle. Duroc Jersey Hogs

Dealer in Leaf Tobacco

THE HOWARD FARMS

J. M. HOWARD & SON, Prop.

Shorthorn Cattle

Duroc Hogs

Hampshire Sheep

Glen Dean, - Ky.

Beard Bros.

Hardinsburg, Ky.

Dealers in

Live Stock and Tobacco

The Webster Stock Farm

HARRY H. NORTON, Owner

Farmer, Dealer, Breeder and Feeder of

Hereford and Jersey Cattle

Webster, Ky.

Park Place

G. N. Lyddan

Farmer and Feeder

Irvington, Ky.

TO THE PUBLIC:

We are selling privately at a very low price the wagons, buggies and harness at the livery barn, and earnestly solicit your patronage.

We are also anxious to rent a part of our stable to the right man to engage in Livery. This would be the most profitable business in Hardinsburg for the amount invested.

ROBERTSON-HOWARD MULE CO.

Hardinsburg, Ky.

FOR SALE

Cash or on time

500 Stock ewes all native sheep

BEARD BROS.

Hardinsburg, Ky.

BEWLEYVILLE

Mrs. G. A. Foote has returned home after a visit to her daughter, Mrs. John Bircher and Mr. Bircher.

Mrs. James Dunn and children, James, Jr., and Dorothy Nell Dunn, of Akron, Ohio, are the guests of Mr. Dunn's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Dunn.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Schoppenhoist, Earl Hardaway, Katie Hardaway and Ruth Starks, of Louisville, motored to E. P. Hardaway's for dinner Sunday.

Mrs. Lee Lockard and daughter, Elizabeth Lockard, of Champaign, Ill., are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Ola Weatherford and children, of Harned, are visiting her father Abel Gillinwater and Mrs. Gillinwater.

Miss Virginia West, of Louisville, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. A. O. Marshall after a visit to her grand-parents Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Payne.

Rev. Carl filled Rev. English's appointment here, Rev. English having sickness in his family.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Philpot and children, Susie Thomas and Alline

Philpot, were called to the bedside of Mrs. Philpot's mother, Mrs. T. J. Triplett, who was seriously ill.

Mrs. Henry Hardaway, Mrs. James Hardaway and Mr. and Mrs. Jessie Hardaway, Jr., of Shepherdsville, motored to C. D. Hardaway's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Morton and sons James Hayes, Morton and Clarence Morton, of Louisville, Mr. and Mrs. J. Strother Stith and children, Frank Hayes and Bessie Irene Stith, of Shepherdsville, and Mr. and Mrs. Z. T. Stith, were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Compton Sunday.

* R. M. Stith, of Louisville spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Z. T. Stith.

G. R. Compton, Z. T. Stith and Chas. McCoy spent Friday in Louisville on business.

Mesdames S. J. McCoy and Wade Drury spent Thursday with Mrs. Loeb Trent near Irvington.

Virginia Dare and Mildred Cain Walker have joined their sister, Mary Elizabeth, and are visiting their grand-parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. M. Walker.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE NEWS

HARDINSBURG

The Harned Baptist Missionary Society had an all day meeting with Mrs. Lou Smith last Saturday.

Mrs. Lula Dutche and little Miss Berly, Louisville are the guests of relatives in and near town.

Sheriff J. B. Carman went to Chillicothe, Ohio, last week to witness in a court marshal case.

Supt. J. R. Meador and Mrs. Meador were in Louisville last week shopping.

Mrs. Heston Driskell spent Tuesday in Cloverport as the guest of Mrs. Larkin Gibson.

Miss Rosa Driskell and Susie Squires have returned from Cloverport where they have been the guests of Mrs. Larkin Gibson.

Mrs. Thurman Drane and daughter have returned to Louisville after a visit with Mrs. E. McDavis.

Miss Judith Ellen Beard has returned from a stay in Dawson Springs, a visit to friends in Central City and Livermore.

Willard Driskell is the guest of his father, Mr. Andrew Driskell.

Mr. C. E. Haswell, Louisville was in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. V. Robertson have returned from a visit in Louisville.

Mrs. Fred Basham and daughter have gone to Owensboro for a visit to relatives.

Miss Florence Akers has gone to Webster to be the guest of relatives.

Robert Mattingly is spending his vacation with relatives near Stephensport.

Mr. and Mrs. Godfrey Haswell and daughter, Miss Georgia Mc have returned from Stephensport where they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Fox.

H. M. Beard has returned from a business trip to Lexington.

Mrs. Mary Catherine Stumm has returned to her home in Madisonville after a visit with her grandmother, Mrs. Margaret May.

Misses Virginia and Mildred Walker are in Bewleyville visiting their grandfather, Dr. Walker and family.

H. C. Thurman, Fordsville has been the guest of his mother, Mrs. Mary Chambliss.

Paul Chambliss, New York is the guest of his mother, Mrs. Mary Chambliss.

Mrs. W. T. Gregory has gone to their farm near Garfield for a visit.

Mrs. H. M. Beard is the guest of Mrs. Allen Edelin and Mr. Edelin and at their home near Harrodsburg.

Miss Esther Meador, Louisville is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Franklin Kincheloe and Mr. Kincheloe.

Lewis Ditto and sister, Miss Rosa Lou Ditto spent Saturday in Louisville.

Mrs. Lee Bishop, Miss Anna Lee Bishop and Thomas Bishop have gone to St. Louis and other points in Missouri to visit relatives until the first of September.

Mrs. J. Whitworth spent Saturday in Louisville shopping.

Paul Compton made a business trip to Louisville Thursday.

Miss Bessie Watlington, Woodrow was the week end guest of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Nat Watlington.

The Social Six, Misses Pauline Compton, Pauline Moorman, Grace and Genevieve Brown, Alice Meador and Catherine Kincheloe were the guests of the Boy Scouts at Falls of Rough Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. Paul Compton and Miss Charlotte Compton were the guests of Mr. Jesse Macy near Garfield Friday.

About sixty men left here Monday morning for Camp Zachary Taylor.

IRVINGTON

Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Ashcraft, Rhodolia visited Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Ater last week.

Dr. and Mrs. W. B. Taylor motored to Hodgenville for the week end.

Miss Margaret Jolly, Chicago is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Piggott.

T. N. McGlothlin has gone to Grayson Springs for a several weeks stay.

Mrs. Margaret Chamberlain attended the funeral of Wm. Brandenburg at Elizabethtown last Wednesday.

Miss Guedry Bramlette, Louisville is spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Bramlette.

The young people attended a party at the home of Miss Bell Stith Monday evening.

Miss Grace Crahan, Chicago is visiting Misses Mary and Anna Crahan.

Mrs. J. C. Younger, Louisville visited Mrs. R. B. McGlothlin last week.

George Piggott has returned from Indianapolis where he visited Mr. and R. N. Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Ashcraft spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Anderson at Gaston.

Mrs. Ed Thomas has returned to Louisville after a ten days stay with Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Henry.

Mrs. Lillie Glasscock is visiting her

mother, Mrs. Mattingly, Glen Dean.

Mrs. J. F. Vogel entertained at cards Wednesday afternoon 3-5 o'clock.

Mrs. G. T. McCoy, Louisville is visiting her mother, Mrs. G. L. Bandy and Mr. Bandy.

Miss Mabel Adkins entertained at a handkerchief shower and 500 party Monday afternoon complimentary to Miss Elizabeth Cooper, Owensboro.

Lon Cowley spent last week in West Point and Louisville.

Mrs. Essie Bandy has purchased a new Chevrolet.

Mrs. J. T. Johnson and Miss Francis Johnson, Louisville spent the week end with her mother, Mrs. T. N. McGlothlin who accompanied her home.

Mrs. Ab Newman, Cairo, Ill., Mrs. Harry Major, Akron, Ohio and Mrs. Perry Weaver and children, Louisville will arrive this week to compose a house party at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Bate Washington.

W. R. Hensley, Louisville was a visitor at the home of Mrs. Adelle Conniff Sunday.

Miss Viola Lewis is home from Roswell, N. M.

Mrs. R. A. Crider, Louisville is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Gillie Dowell.

Miss Nell Smith entertained a number of the younger set Saturday evening in honor of her brother, Harry Smith, Akron, O.

Miss Margaret Beauchamp, Louisville will arrive this week to visit her aunt, Miss Mary Henry.

Miss Evelyn Gross, Bewleyville is visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Marshall.

Mr. and Mrs. Jake Morrison entertained a number of friends at dinner Sunday in honor of Edward Morrison who has been called to Camp Zachary Taylor.

Thanks are due Mrs. W. J. Piggott and Miss Julia Lyon for the Patriotic services rendered at the Methodist church Sunday A. M. A large and appreciative audience was present. A beautiful community service flag was unfurled by the Supt. W. J. Piggott. For this flag which contained twenty four blue stars and one gold star, thanks are due Mrs. J. C. Payne.

James Skillman has enlisted in the Navy. He is spending this week in Louisville and will leave Saturday for Great Lakes Naval Station.

When you have backache, the liver or kidneys are sure to be out of gear. Try Sano, it does wonders for the liver, kidneys and bladder. A trial 50c bottle will convince you. Get it at the drug store.

STEPHENSPO

Mrs. Chas Waggoner and daughter, Miss Jane were in Cloverport last Monday.

W. C. Blaine, Lakeland, Fla., joined his mother and brother here Monday and will remain through the summer.

N. G. Barbee returned Friday from a visit to Henderson, Owensboro and Hebbardsville.

W. C. Cashman who has been suffering from rheumatism is in Owensboro for treatment.

Huber Gilbert, Louisville was the guest Sunday of his aunt, Mrs. Richard McAfee Jr., who is ill.

Master Gilbert McAfee is visiting relatives in Louisville.

Miss Ida Waggoner, Topeka, Kans. is visiting her brother, Mr. Chas Waggoner and Mrs. Waggoner.

Wm Chanaut and children, Owensboro were here Friday, the children will visit their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. A. N. McCoy Union Star.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Dutschke and family and Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Shellman were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dutschke at Holt.

Mrs. Richard Cox returned to her home in Union Star Thursday after a visit with Mrs. O. C. Shellman.

Mrs. Ida Morris and daughter, Miss Minnie were in Cloverport Saturday the guests of Mrs. Bill Hall.

Miss Myra Rollins with her guests Misses Georgia and Clara Dooley are guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. Harve Dooley near Hardinsburg.

Mrs. Amos Whitworth and sons returned Sunday from a visit with her sister, Mrs. Koch, Tell City.

Mrs. Matilda Moorman arrived last Saturday from Evansville to visit her sisters, Mrs. Emma McKaughn and Mrs. Allen.

Mrs. Eliza Bandy and grandson, Roy, Somerset came Tuesday to spend the remainder of the summer here.

Miss Minnie Morris is visiting her mother, Mrs. Ida Morris.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Haswell and daughter, Miss Georgia Mc and Miss Huntsman, Hardinsburg were guests last week of Mrs. Haswell's mother and sister, Mrs. M. A. McCubbins and Mrs. L. D. Fox and Mr. Fox.

The revival meeting which is being conducted at Ammons at the English Baptist church are being largely attended. A crowd from here going up several evenings. Rev. W. H. English of Idaho, is conducting the services assisted by the Rev. J. Blackburn pastor of the church.

BRECKINRIDGE-BANK OF CLOVERPORT.

A. B. SKILLMAN, President—RAY LEWIS HEYSER, Acting Cashier

THE BANK OF SECURITY—SERVICE—CONTENTMENT

WE ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN

3 Per Cent Paid on Time Deposits

HAIL INSURANCE ON TOBACCO

Insure your tobacco with W. C. MOORMAN in

THE HENRY CLAY; THE PIONEER HAIL COMPANY

All kinds of Insurance.

Fire, Lightning, Tornado, Life and Casualty

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Hardinsburg, Ky.

SPECIALS

For July or Until Sold

One lot Ladies' and Misses'

OXFORDS

whites, potents, kids and heavy leather

25 per cent

off regular Price; Bargain Table this lot center aisle.

Extra Special

1800 YARDS

DUNDEE 28 INCH PERCALE

26 cents

This is a good quality and the price is less than a standard calico could be sold for today. This item should interest mothers who have school dresses to buy.

One lot Men's

LOW SHOES

containing white and blacks at

25 per cent

off regular price. See our bargain table, front grocery side.

Pepperall Sheeting Special

9-4 unbleached, per yd.,.....58c
10-4 unbleached, per yd.,.....63c

25 yds., Sea Island Cotton.....\$6.25

This is a much better cotton than Hoosier; sold only in 25 yard pieces at this price of 25c per yard.

B. F. BEARD & CO.

Hardinsburg,

Kentucky

JOHN K. DITTO FARM

To Be Sold at Public Auction

Thursday, August 8, 1918, 2:30 p. m.

Sale To Be Held At Farm

In order to settle the estate of the late John K. Ditto, I will sell to the highest and best bidder, his farm located on the Ohio river, one and one-half miles east of Brandenburg, Meade county Kentucky, one mile from Moravia Station on L. H. & St. L. R. R. and thirty-three miles from Louisville, Ky. There is a river landing on farm.

This is one of the best farms in the state, containing 430 acres all in cultivation and pasture, excepting 65 acres in good timber, and is situated on a pike.

There is on the premises a new seven room dwelling, with good cellar, and water piped from a spring to the house and all necessary outbuildings, three good tenant houses, three stock barns, two hay sheds and several cribs. This farm has 100 acres in fine blue grass pasture with several running springs in pasture and is an ideal stock farm.

Anyone desiring to inspect farm will be gladly shown same any day in the week.

This farm will be sold one-half cash, balance in six months.

HARVEY K. DITTO, Executor
Brandenburg, Ky.

DR. W. B. TAYLOR

...PERMANENT...

DENTIST

Office Hours: 8 a. m. to 12 m.
1 p. m. to 6 p. m.

Always in office during office hours

Irvington, Ky.